





## TESTIMONIAL TO REV. THOMAS W. BUCKLEY

Rev. Thomas W. Buckley, formerly curate of St. Columba's church, this city, who was recently transferred to South Boston, was tendered a testimonial by his former parishioners and friends at the parish hall last evening. Though in Lowell but four years, Fr. Buckley's popularity extended outside the confines of the Pawtucketville parish, and among those present last evening were many from other parts of the city.

Fr. Buckley came to Lowell on his first mission, and he worked untiring-



REV. THOMAS W. BUCKLEY

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big reunions and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

Hayes in behalf of the girls presented a bouquet, and then Gerald Cronin, as spokesman for the boys, presented a bouquet. Fr. Buckley, though moved by the scene, found words to express his appreciation for the gifts.

In the evening the attendance taxed the capacity of the hall, and among those present as guests were Rev. John A. Deegan, former pastor of St. Columba's now stationed at Haverhill; Fr. Walsh of Haverhill; Rev. Fr. McNichill, Fr. Buckley's successor; and Fr. Buckley's father, brother and four sisters. The meeting was called to order by Michael J. Lynch, the chairman and an enthusiastic worker, not only for the testimonial, but for everything in connection with the parish. He extended a cordial welcome to all, and told of the purpose of the gathering. He then called upon Miss Frances McElroy, who presented an original vocal number. Miss Mary Joyce then gave a reading. The Quill family, namely, Percy, John, Stella and Bernard, appeared in a very pleasing number. James Daly and James Callahan brought down the house with their wit and humor. Commissioner James E. Donnelly, several of his assistants in his own inimitable manner. At this point Fr. Buckley was called to the front of the hall and Dr. McAviney, after an eloquent address, presented him a handsome bouquet and a solid gold pax. Fr. Buckley was temporarily unable to speak, but soon recovered his composure, and expressed his gratitude for the gifts, and the spirit shown by all. He said that he would never forget the happy days spent in Lowell, and that he would always cherish the gifts from the people with whom he had enjoyed so many pleasant and happy days.

The affair closed with all singing "The Star Spangled Banner." The committee in charge of the affair was as follows: Michael J. Lynch, chairman; Charles McQuillan, secretary; Daniel Whaley, Miss Katherine McElroy, Miss Stella Callahan, Miss Katherine Farrell, Miss Jennie Cogger, Miss Katherine O'Hearn, Mrs. Fred Hammond, Miss Catherine Whaley, Miss Barbara Dandon, Mrs. John Regan and Mrs. John Brennan.

### MATRIMONIAL

A pretty marriage took place this morning at St. Joseph's church, when Luc Hill and Miss Mary A. Gill were united in matrimony. The ceremony being performed at a nuptial mass celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O.M.I. The bride wore white crepe de chine and carried roses and lilies of the valley. The best man was Armand Ducharme, while the bridesmaid was a sister of the bride, Miss Alice Gill. At the close of the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride in Merrimack street and at noon the happy couple left on an extended honeymoon. Upon their return they will make their home in Manchester, N. H.

**Boucher-Berube**  
Arthur J. Boucher and Miss Elsie Berube were married Sunday at St. Joseph's rectory by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O.M.I. Joseph D. Boucher and George Berube acted as witnesses. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride, 12 Tremont street. Mr. and Mrs. Boucher left later on an extended wedding trip.

**Fletcher-Grant**  
Merton A. Fletcher of Portsmouth, N. H., and Miss Edith G. Grant of this city were married June 30 by Rev. Dr. C. E. Fisher. The couple will make their home in Portsmouth.

**Harvey-Lord**  
Edgar Harvey of Lynn and Miss Mary Lord of this city were married June 30 by Rev. A. C. Archibald. The bridesmaid was Miss Edna Lord, a sister of the bride, while the best man was George Maxwell of Lynn. The couple will make their home at 12 Duke street, Lynn.

**CONCERT BY THE U. S. CARTRIDGE COMPANY'S BAND ON SOUTH COMMON TOMORROW**

The program of the concert to be given by the U. S. Cartridge Co.'s band on the South common tomorrow afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock will be as follows:  
March, Hall, Spirit of Liberty... Souza  
Overture, Poet and Peasant... Suppe  
Maiden Overture... Rimsky  
Duet for cornets, selected.  
Messrs. LeBrun and Mores.  
Songs of 1861 and 1865... Tobani  
Selection, Lucia de Lammermoor... Donizetti  
Concert Waltz, Wedding of the Winds... Anli  
Selection, Popular Melodies... Beethoven  
Selection, Songs of the Nation, Jampe  
March, National Emblem... Bazley  
Wm. Regan, Conductor.

**K. OF C. WAR FUND**

streets and at the mills the latter part of the week. Thousands of people came to the boxes which the young soldiers were carrying for the Knights of Columbus fund, and then the Red Triangle people got together. The younger boys of the K. of C. on Monday with the result that they were on the streets yesterday, and added an appreciable amount to that fund. A person who had contributed to the Knights of Columbus fund would naturally give to the Red Triangle if he possessed any fairness at all, and especially when it was known that both organizations intended to accomplish the same results in taking care of the welfare of our fighting men. So in this way both groups of workers helped each other by the exchange of ideas, and methods for the conduct of the campaigns. Mr. Hoekmeyer's contribution of \$500 at the outset of the Knights of Columbus campaign, and his expression of interest to many of the contributors, tended to accomplish the same results in taking care of the welfare of our fighting men. So in this way both groups of workers helped each other by the exchange of ideas, and methods for the conduct of the campaigns. Mr. Hoekmeyer's contribution of \$500 at the outset of the Knights of Columbus campaign, and his expression of interest to many of the contributors, tended to accomplish the same results in taking care of the welfare of our fighting men. So in this way both groups of workers helped each other by the exchange of ideas, and methods for the conduct of the campaigns.

**Purpose of Campaign**  
The purpose of the Knights of Columbus campaign was stated at the opening of the work, but it may be of interest to many of the contributors to know that the purpose was not only to have a reserve of the arm of the whole affair. Last spring, when war was officially declared and it was evident that a majority of the young men of the country should be called to the front, the supreme council of the Knights of Columbus decided that the welfare of the young soldiers while they were off actual duty should be looked after by an organization competent to discharge such duties as the undertaking would incur. The Red Cross would care for the men who were wounded or dying, and would see to the physical welfare of the fighters should be attended to; the Knights of Columbus would give the men an opportunity for recreation and religious instruction while at the front or in the concentration camps; the Knights of Columbus people decided that they should back up this latter movement to the limit, by establishing recreation camps themselves and emphasizing the religious element, thus assuring both the men themselves and their loved ones at home that their spiritual needs would not in any way be overlooked. To do this required vast sums of money, and the supreme council decided that the most efficient means of securing this money was by the contributions from the members of the order and their friends throughout the country. The machine of organization was set in motion, and it was decided that the sum decided at this time, \$100,000, with the explanation given that the more money which was contributed, the more work could be accomplished, the country which would not doubt respond splendidly if the result here in Lowell may be taken as a criterion.

An interesting feature in connection with the effect which the work will

have on Lowell boys was the remark made by one of the officials of the local council as the boys of the Sixth regiment companies passed through Lowell last Friday on their way to Framingham. The official said that he estimated that at least three-fourths of those men would be benefited by the work which the Knights of Columbus was undertaking. And then the men who will be chosen for the national army in September, and the impassable Lowell boys who have joined the army, the artillery, and many other branches of the service will all receive the results of this week's campaign.

**Wholly Voluntary**

The outstanding feature of the campaign, perhaps, was the wholly voluntary nature of it. There was not the least personal solicitation as far as the public was concerned, and the request for donations was made either through the press, or of the members of the order itself. Whatever a person gave, he gave without any personal solicitation of any sort, and the amount he gave was entirely up to himself. The object and aims of the campaign were set before the public at the outset of the campaign, and were reiterated at intervals. Boxes were stationed at prominent places throughout the city, headquarters opened for the receipt of cheques, and the rest

was left to the public. And the public certainly responded.

The climax of the whole affair will be this evening, however, and there is no reason why every member of the local council cannot be present at the conclusion of one of the greatest weeks in the history of the Knights of Columbus order.

**OFF AGAIN, ON AGAIN, GONE AGAIN**

The jinx must certainly be attached to the triple combination pumping engine at the central fire station, for once again it is out of commission, and the chances are that it will be for several days as a result of backing into a post in Revere street last night. The engine was pushed in and the body of the car forced forward. It was taken to the Sawyer Carriage Co.'s plant and dismantled and put back in shape again.

The machine was in Revere street, with brakes applied, and when the driver released the brakes to start the machine it started down the street backwards and before the brakes could be re-applied the machine crashed into a post ripping off the rear step, side rails, pushing the body forward on the machine and making a general wreck out of the rear of the piece of apparatus.

**FLUSHING THE STREETS**

The greater portion of the fire fighting force of the city was out for about three hours last evening waiting down the principal streets of the city in an attempt to assist in making conditions for the members of the engine companies 2, 3, 4 and 5 and hose 8 started out about 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon and flushed out Merrimack, Westford, East Merrimack, Merrimack and Bridge streets. While the waiting down work was in the course of process old Jupiter Pluvius got in his work and lent material assistance to the firemen.

**CALL MORE TROOPS**

Continued

cottages rioters fired at them, and many fell back into the flames and it is believed that a number were burned to death. Not only white men but white women and girls composed the mobs which set upon the negroes and in several cases beat them to death with clubs. White women and girls attacked colored women on the streets and in the street cars, pulled their hair out, tore off their clothes and beat them with all sorts of weapons.

The rioting last night was the culmination of a series of disturbances which began with the killing of a police officer and the wounding of three policemen and two civilians early Monday morning.

**Military Rule Proclaimed**

Military rule was proclaimed at 2 o'clock last night and at the same time 300 white men were arrested and locked up at police headquarters.

Vast clouds of smoke rolled across downtown streets as light as day and now and then a yelling mob rushed down a street in pursuit of a negro or in search of new excitement. National Guardsmen loaded in automobile trucks dashed after the mob.

Hundreds of negro women, most of them carrying bundles that held their precious belongings and leading small children, fled across the bridge to shelter and safety with friends on the Missouri side.

Telephone wires were cut early in the evening. As telegraph and telephone poles caught fire other wires went down.

The mobs in East St. Louis were swelled by hundreds of persons who early in the evening crossed the river from St. Louis, Mo. This added such

to the situation that at 5:30 o'clock the bridges were closed.

**Mobs Batted in Lynching**

The mobs got into a lynching mood last night. One negro was strung up on a pole, but was rescued just in time to save his life. Soldiers rushed still another negro who was being dragged through the streets.

After military rule had been proclaimed the soldiers put more vigor into their attempts to quell the mob.

Seventy-five white men attacked a negro in front of a drug store down town and shot him twice, attempted to drag him to a pole, beating him as they pulled him along. The troops charged with fixed bayonets and the mob scattered.

A show of force the rioters partly quieted down. Troops stood guard at all corners and kept the crowds moving.

At 6:30 p. m. fire broke out in the district now known as the "Valley." This fire came perilously near to the big railroad yards of East St. Louis.

At 9 o'clock it appeared as if the "Valley" district was doomed to destruction. This is the third large area to be burned. The property damage will reach many thousands.

**200 Cottages and 100 Cars Burned**

The fires which were set by the mobs during the night in five different parts of the city where negroes lived besides burning nearly 200 negro cottages destroyed more than 100 loaded freight cars belonging to the Southern railway valued at half a million dollars.

The Broadway theatre, valued at more than \$100,000, also was burned. Although the fires burned for several hours they were brought under control before daylight. Eleven companies of Illinois National Guard, numbering 1500 men, patrolled the streets today with orders to prevent any loitering at corners and any assembly of people on the streets. Adit Gen. Dickson, who arrived late last night, said that troops would be dispatched throughout the city as to prevent repetition of last night's disorders. Gen. Dickson said that military rule had not been established and probably would not be.

**Two Negroes Hanged**

Only one white man was killed in last night's rioting and he was shot by a negro sniper. Two negroes were hanged during the night by mobs and four were killed by snipers.

The work of searching for ruins for bodies began before daylight, and it was reported that eight bodies had been taken out.

Hundreds of negroes, many of them women carrying babies, crossed over into St. Louis, Mo. last night.

Thousands of thousands of curiosity seekers from the Missouri side crossed the bridges into East St. Louis.

Hundreds of negroes employed in the big mills at Granite City live in East St. Louis, Mo. They are now being urged to save their men from attack, would not allow the negroes to leave for home at the usual hour.

**600 Rioters Arrested**

Early today the guardsmen under command of Adit Gen. Dickson rounded up more than 600 rioters and brought them to the city jail.

The troops who were on duty during the most serious disturbances, being under civil authority, were ordered not to shoot. Gen. Dickson said that wholesale bloodshed would have been the result of any firing on the part of the troops.

Squads of soldiers sent out to bring in firearms found in possession of any whites or negroes, seized dozens of revolvers, rifles and shotguns. One youth found with a meat cleaver concealed under his coat said he would have used it to kill a negro had an opportunity been offered.

**Lights Out in Hospitals**

One of the results of the fires was to plunge parts of the city in darkness. In the hospital at St. Mary's hospital and the emergency operating room opened in the city hall, were obliged to do their work while no light from flashlights or candles over the tables.

In the Baltimore & Ohio railroad yards a negroes leading a small child, was shot and killed on the train. He was following a mob. The negro woman seized the child in her arms and ran into a cottage which the white women bombarded with stones, and shot and killed the negro.

**CHAMPIONSHIP GAME**

BROADWAY SOCIAL CLUB VS. KIMBALL SYSTEM

Tomorrow, July 4th, at North Common

3 P. M. SHARP

**OWL Theatre**

**SPECIAL HOLIDAY FEATURES**

TOMORROW AND THURSDAY

**William Fox**

Presents the Eminent Star

**Valeska Suratt**

In a Picturization of Rider Haggard's Famous Novel

**"SHE"**

Valeska Suratt surpasses her many former triumphs in William Fox's picturization of Rider Haggard's famous novel, "She," the most elaborate photoplay ever released as a regular feature.

Miss Suratt plays the title role, Ayesha, "She-who-must-be-obeyed," a white queen of a savage tribe. She has attained immortality by bathing in the fires of the Flame of Life.

Three thousand years ago Kalikrates, a young Egyptian priest, is killed by Ayesha when he refuses to abandon his young wife for her. His widow gives birth to a son, whom she charges to avenge his father's death.

How this survived the centuries and affected those of the present age is the theme of this interesting Fox production.

**RUTH ROLAND**

IN LATEST EPISODE OF

**"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"**

COMEDY AND OTHER PLAYS

TONIGHT ONLY—WAYNE AREY AND DORIS GREY in "HER BELOVED ENEMY"—Other Features.

**Trolley and Boat Excursions**

60c REVERE BEACH 60c \$1.10 Nantasket Beach \$1.10

Through special trolley cars beginning July 10th leave Merrimack Square, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8:15 a. m. Connections can be made with boat at Revere Beach for Bass Point.

For Tickets and Information apply at Local Office Bay State St. Ry. Co.

menace to the situation that at 5:30 o'clock the bridges were closed.

**Mobs Batted in Lynching**

The mobs got into a lynching mood last night. One negro was strung up on a pole, but was rescued just in time to save his life. Soldiers rushed still another negro who was being dragged through the streets.

After military rule had been proclaimed the soldiers put more vigor into their attempts to quell the mob.

Seventy-five white men attacked a negro in front of a drug store down town and shot him twice, attempted to drag him to a pole, beating him as they pulled him along. The troops charged with fixed bayonets and the mob scattered.

A show of force the rioters partly quieted down. Troops stood guard at all corners and kept the crowds moving.

At 6:30 p. m. fire broke out in the district now known as the "Valley." This fire came perilously near to the big railroad yards of East St. Louis.

At 9 o'clock it appeared as if the "Valley" district was doomed to destruction. This is the third large area to be burned. The property damage will reach many thousands.

**200 Cottages and 100 Cars Burned**

The fires which were set by the mobs during the night in five different parts of the city where negroes lived besides burning nearly 200 negro cottages destroyed more than 100 loaded freight cars belonging to the Southern railway valued at half a million dollars.

The Broadway theatre, valued at more than \$100,000, also was burned. Although the fires burned for several hours they were brought under control before daylight. Eleven companies of Illinois National Guard, numbering 1500 men, patrolled the streets today with orders to prevent any loitering at corners and any assembly of people on the streets. Adit Gen. Dickson, who arrived late last night, said that troops would be dispatched throughout the city as to prevent repetition of last night's disorders. Gen. Dickson said that military rule had not been established and probably would not be.

**Two Negroes Hanged**

Only one white man was killed in last night's rioting and he was shot by a negro sniper. Two negroes were hanged during the night by mobs and four were killed by snipers.

The work of searching for ruins for bodies began before daylight, and it was reported that eight bodies had been taken out.

Hundreds of negroes, many of them women carrying babies, crossed over into St. Louis, Mo. last night.

Thousands of thousands of curiosity seekers from the Missouri side crossed the bridges into East St. Louis.

Hundreds of negroes employed in the big mills at Granite City live in East St. Louis, Mo. They are now being urged to save their men from attack, would not allow the negroes to leave for home at the usual hour.

**600 Rioters Arrested**

Early today the guardsmen under command of Adit Gen. Dickson rounded up more than 600 rioters and brought them to the city jail.

The troops who were on duty during the most serious disturbances, being under civil authority, were ordered not to shoot. Gen. Dickson said that wholesale bloodshed would have been the result of any firing on the part of the troops.

Squads of soldiers sent out to bring in firearms found in possession of any whites or negroes, seized dozens of revolvers, rifles and shotguns. One youth found with a meat cleaver concealed under his coat said he would have used it to kill a negro had an opportunity been offered.

**Lights Out in Hospitals**

One of the results of the fires was to plunge parts of the city in darkness. In the hospital at St. Mary's hospital and the emergency operating room opened in the city hall, were obliged to do their work while no light from flashlights or candles over the tables.

In the Baltimore & Ohio railroad yards a negroes leading a small child, was shot and killed on the train. He was following a mob. The negro woman seized the child in her arms and ran into a cottage which the white women bombarded with stones, and shot and killed the negro.

**CHAMPIONSHIP GAME**

BROADWAY SOCIAL CLUB VS. KIMBALL SYSTEM

Tomorrow, July 4th, at North Common

3 P. M. SHARP

**OWL Theatre**

**SPECIAL HOLIDAY FEATURES**

TOMORROW AND THURSDAY

**William Fox**

Presents the Eminent Star

**Valeska Suratt**

In a Picturization of Rider Haggard's Famous Novel

**"SHE"**

Valeska Suratt surpasses her many former triumphs in William Fox's picturization of Rider Haggard's famous novel, "She," the most elaborate photoplay ever released as a regular feature.

Miss Suratt plays the title role, Ayesha, "She-who-must-be-obeyed," a white queen of a savage tribe. She has attained immortality by bathing in the fires of the Flame of Life.

Three thousand years ago Kalikrates, a young Egyptian priest, is killed by Ayesha when he refuses to abandon his young wife for her. His widow gives birth to a son, whom she charges to avenge his father's death.

How this survived the centuries and affected those of the present age is the theme of this interesting Fox production.

**RUTH ROLAND**

IN LATEST EPISODE OF

**"THE NEGLECTED WIFE"**

COMEDY AND OTHER PLAYS

TONIGHT ONLY—WAYNE AREY AND DORIS GREY in "HER BELOVED ENEMY"—Other Features.

**Trolley and Boat Excursions**

60c REVERE BEACH 60c \$1.10 Nantasket Beach \$1.10

Through special trolley cars beginning July 10th leave Merrimack Square, Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8:15 a. m. Connections can be made with boat at Revere Beach for Bass Point.

For Tickets and Information apply at Local Office Bay State St. Ry. Co.

## Porch Furniture

Special Mentions From Our  
Porch Furniture

FOLDING LAWN SEATS.... \$1.00 each  
SMALL ROCKERS..... \$1.25 "  
LARGE ARM ROCKERS..... \$2.50 "  
STEAMER CHAIRS..... \$5.50 "  
COUCH HAMMOCKS, Adjustable Head Spring..... \$12.00 "

A great variety of rattan with cushions and hickory pieces. A very artistic porch set painted French gray, upholstered with cretonne to match.

One of the very best is a 6-piece rattan set in green and white colorings; a very dainty and cool effect.

## Adams & Co.

Furniture, Rugs and Shades  
174 CENTRAL STREET.

chunks of coal. The woman escaped without serious injury.

**Sensational Rescue of Negro**

Col. S. O. Tripp of the Illinois guard was the chief figure in a sensational rescue of an aged negro. The negro, who had a rope around his neck, was being dragged through a street by more than a hundred men. An automobile bearing Col. Tripp and City Attorney Folckert appeared as the mob was about to hang the negro to a pole. Colonel Tripp left his car, forced his way through the mob, and took charge of the negro without molestation.

**All Saloons Closed**

Later the city attorney rescued a negro at whom a mob was shooting. Kelly was escorted to a place of safety, and the mob was dispersed. Kelly was shot and killed on the train. He was following a mob. The negro woman seized the child in her arms and ran into a cottage which the white women bombarded with stones, and shot and killed the negro.

**Negro Killed at Chicago**

CHICAGO, July 2.—Clarence Kelly, a negro, was shot and killed on an elevated platform early today by a police officer after the negro had wounded two persons and terrorized a number of others with a long-bladed knife.

Kelly was seated in a car with his feet in the aisle when Fred J. Hohl and his wife passed through. Hohl, accidentally stumbled over the negro's feet and the latter attacked him, drawing a knife and striking Hohl in the chest. Kelly then turned on Mrs. Hohl and stabbed her slightly before he was seized by passengers and the train crew. At a station the Hohlings left the car to transfer and Kelly, escaping from his captors, renewed his attack. A policeman summoned from the street shot and killed the negro.

**AT LAKEVIEW PARK**

The program for the concert at Lakeview park tomorrow evening at 7:30 by the National band, R. A. Grimms, leader, is as follows:  
March, Garland Entree... King  
Overture, Welcome... Callin  
Madley, Song of Ireland... Bayer  
Polka...  
(a) They're Wearing Them Higher  
in Hawaii... Mohr  
(b) My Indiana... Lake  
Selection, The Churn... Jaudin  
Am. Fantasie... Rollinson  
Popular Airs:  
(a) All the World Will be Jealous  
of Me  
(b) The Long, Long Trail  
(c) For Me and My Gal  
Selection, The Red Mill... Herbert  
"The Star Spangled Banner"

**Grandmother, the Pioneer Physician**

In the good old pioneer days of this country, when drug stores were few, grandmother's root and herb remedies were what were always depended upon to bring relief for family ailments, and some of grandmother's root and herb remedies are now found upon the shelves of the modern drug store, and are among the best and most widely used prepared medicines.

Such is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a botanical remedy, originally prepared by Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., over forty years ago, and which has brought health and happiness to more women in America than any other medicine.

**Band Concert**

—AT—

**LAKEVIEW PARK**

JULY 4th



## NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

Judge Enright is determined to put a stop to the violation of the automobile law and if the imposing of fines will not have the necessary effect then jail sentences will be imposed.

This morning Thomas A. Alway appeared before the court on a complaint charging him with violating the automobile laws by passing within eight feet of a car of the Bay State Street Railway Co., while the car was stopped in Middlesex street allowing passengers to leave and board same.

Alway is employed by the Merrimack Mfg. Co. and June 27th while operating a large truck passed between the curbing of the street and an electric car which had stopped in front of the Middlesex street station and a woman was thrown from the car and a narrow escape from being injured.

Judge Enright said that this was one of the most dangerous violations of the law excepting the driving around blind corners at rapid rates of speed and he found Alway guilty and imposed a fine of \$20, but owing to the fact that the young man has sickness in his family the fine was later reduced to \$10.

The case of Dewey G. Archambault, charged with manslaughter, was continued until July 18 at which time the report of the inquest will have been filed with the court.

John O'Toole pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with the larceny of a watch and chain valued at \$45 and property of George J. O'Toole who conducts a tailor shop at 323 Central street. On June 28th O'Toole was taken into custody and found a watch hanging on a nail removed the watch and chain and went out and sold them for \$1, giving the same to John Mack, Lieut. Maher across O'Toole and when questioned said his name was John Burke and purchased the watch in Worcester.

John Mack, Lieut. Maher and got the larceny in a saloon in Bridge street. O'Toole was found guilty and sentenced to two months in jail.

John B. Bean, charged with the larceny of 35 brasses of the property of David Ziskind, failed to put in an appearance in court either yesterday morning or this morning and the case was continued until July 30.

It appears that Bean stole brasses from Ziskind and when placed under arrest he said his name was John Burke and purchased the watch in Worcester.

Ann F. Lundgren denied that she was drunk when arrested on the South common yesterday. She admitted she had been released by the probation officer on Monday morning and had taken the pledge on Sunday and yesterday she was a trifle nervous, but had no liquor. Lieut. Connors and Patrolman Kilroy, however, said she was drunk. She was given until Saturday to go back to her home in Hartford, Conn.

Alexander Thompson belongs in Providence, R. I. and had no state but a short time until he applied at the state house in Boston for admittance to the state infirmary at Lowell and yesterday was found in an intoxicated condition on the South common. He was arrested by Lieut. Connors and Patrolman Kilroy and was very boisterous. When Judge Enright heard the officer's testimony he said to Thompson, "don't you know that if you are drunk here you will give us all Thursday to get out of town."

Patrick Molloy, charged with being drunk, was given a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction. The case of Gosselin was continued until Thursday.

There were 30 arrests for drunkenness and 20 for disorderly conduct at the opening of court and of that number 25 were released by the probation officer.

## NEW RUSSIAN SUCCESSES

statement shows further heavy losses to the Austro-German forces, including the capture of some 6000 additional prisoners and 21 guns.

Ziochoff, towards which the Russians are pressing, is only slightly more than 25 miles distant from it. It lies on the important railway line from Tarnopol to Krasnoyarsk, which latter point is linked up with the Brody-Lemberg railway line. It is slightly west of a north and south line running through the important Tarnopol stronghold at Brezany, 25 miles to the south.

Well Supplied With Ammunition

The Russian artillery is plentifully supplied with ammunition for the present war it has in hand. The supply department was the weakest in efficiency of any during the old regime, causing many a breakdown for which the Russian forces were not responsible. The deficiency in this respect now seems to have been thoroughly remedied. Petrograd advises that the Russian forces are better for this offensive than for any preceding operation in the whole war.

Activity on Western Front

Military movements on the other war fronts are dwarfed in importance by the Russian drive. There is nevertheless considerable activity on the Verdun and Vauquois fronts in northern France, where the Germans are continuing their persistent attacks. Gen. Petain's forces are holding firm.

The Russian forces are making a sharp drive between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood in the Verdun region, were completely checked.

Villages Taken by Russians

Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Tarnopol-Krasnoyarsk railway. Here the Russians have occupied Ziochoff, on the Tarnopol-Ziochoff-Krasnoyarsk railway, 12 miles southeast of Ziochoff, and the Tarnopol-Krasnoyarsk railway line. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

The Russian official report admits the success of the Russians in extending northward the gap they opened in the Austro-German line of original assault from the heights on the western bank of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves, however, elsewhere failed, it is claimed.

WAR MINISTER KERENSKY LEADS RUSSIAN ARMY IN VICTORIOUS ADVANCE

PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the news of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

## THE SPELLBINDER

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made that should have been started at the beginning of the year, it is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen as upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and patriotically ordered him out of his office. State Inspector McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out, but he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made in Lowell. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He cannot not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the shortcomings of all who have preceded him at city hall, otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent on the school houses. He made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McNamara Saw

Mr. McNamara, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained at a liquor store at 155 Central street, a liquor store, it was the case, why doesn't Mr. McNamara report what he saw to the superintendent of police rather than to a newspaper? Mr. McNamara is a daily visitor at the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as having been going on at the liquor store, it would expect that the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court on the same day as the following day. Why not place the matter before the superintendent, Mr. McNamara, if you have not done so already?

Humane Society Was Basty

But for the basty action of the part of the representatives of the Humane Society, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Thompson's field and was chased down the street by a pack of dogs. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department, who first thought the animal had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill. Mr. O'Brien was on his way to the park when he saw the deer went after it and upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the back of his car. He then went into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and he said that the deer was more severely injured than we were made to believe.

minister on the firing line accomplished what the Russian line went forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles

His men, attacking defenses that had been built on crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konchyn, on the Zlota Lipa river, north of Brezany.

They took more than 8500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of Gen. Brusiloff's strategy. Another heavy Russian offensive, the Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Brezany, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines swayed back and forth. More than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Forehanded

The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin admits the loss of Konchyn and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive is foreshadowed by an order of the day issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads: "Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and broken his lines. A decisive battle began which brought the forces of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not be traitors; the enemy shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back

PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Aisne front, on both sides of the Allou-Passy road. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back each time and finally abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY

CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced here today when family brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$12 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Buying a refrigerator is not an expense, but an investment. It saves food and keeps it wholesome and prevents sickness. The Eddy Refrigerators keep the food longer with less ice than others and are the best to buy.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO. Hurd Street.

## THE SPELLBINDER

the buck captured on Sunday, restored to good health with the aid of a veterinary and careful nursing. Messrs. Kernan and O'Brien decided that they would take the animal to the enclosure where it would be among others of its breed and have a veterinary look after it. By the way, the officials of the humane society insisted upon shooting the animal and it was put to death on the spot. Kernan called time on a visit to a northern game preserve for the purpose of getting information relative to the care of deer and while there, a big buck was shot and a limb which was set by a veterinary surgeon, the animal completely recovering.

At the Band Concerts

This year's band concerts at which the Honey Boy Four are assisting with a vocal program, are making a big hit. The Honey Boys are enthusiastic performers and are always willing to throw in a few extra encores and additional numbers. They will appear with the Lowell Cadet band on the North common tomorrow afternoon and with the military band at the Highlands, in the evening. The Honey Boys are a big loss to Lowell's musical events as the Sixth was a popular organization and its programs always pleased.

Statue Instead of Fountain

When the Cardinal O'Connell Parkway was named, it was stated at City Hall that certain gentlemen would have a fountain to be placed on the new park and plans were drawn up for the purpose of installing a fountain of elaborate design. The idea was, however, the idea of placing a fountain there was deemed impracticable and now it is said a statue of Cardinal O'Connell, by an American sculptor, is contemplated to take the place of the proposed fountain. The new parkway, meanwhile, is slowly, but surely, assuming shape. The edgeworks to mark the sidewalks on either side are being laid while the ground is being leveled off. City Engineer Sprague has been very busy engaged there today.

No Street Reports

At the meeting of the municipal council the question arose as to what had been done by the street department in the past few years, and in order to answer the question, it was necessary to send Mr. Sprague, the engineer's office to the meeting, who made a report from a slip of paper. In the past four years there has been a good report of the street department.

## THE SPELLBINDER

JITNEY ORDINANCE Continued

gasoline in Wilder street; Enoch Gerish, garage, in Howard street; James H. Sparks, garage at 291 Wilder street.

The Bay State Street Railway Co. and the Lowell Electric Light Corp. are at a joint place in the marginal street and for 12 joint place locations in Gorham street from Central street to the city hall.

The petition did not call for new laws, but for the city to take the present laws and apply them to the present poles. The petitions were referred.

The city voted to transfer the sum of \$14.37 from the commissioners' fund to that of the registrar of labor, James T. McCarthy, a veteran of the Civil War, who has been employed by the public buildings department for the past ten years, petitioned to be placed on the pension roll. His pension was accompanied by a doctor's certificate stating that the petitioner had left his work two weeks ago and was unable to perform his duties any longer on account of illness. It was voted to grant the petition and pay Mr. McCarthy a pension of \$370.24 per annum.

War Dependents' Fund

An order to borrow and appropriate the sum of \$50,000 for the German war dependents' fund was voted with the understanding that the state will later reimburse the city.

The following petitions were read and July 24 was set as the date of the hearings: Albert W. Thompson, garage at 221 Fairmount street; George H. Gerish, garage at 221 Fairmount street; Pitts Motor Sales, garage and gasoline at 53 Wilder street; E. H. Finner, garage at 115 Wilder street; James A. Brien, garage at 178-181 Princeton street.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp. petitioned for permission to lay out a new line in Market street and the Cardinal O'Connell parkway and the matter was referred. A petition signed by James A. Brien, garage at 178-181 Princeton street, was also read.

Traffic Regulation

An order for the regulating of traffic in Nicholas street and Smith street, reversing the one-way ordinance for both streets was read and the mayor said a new order would be made.

From the Solicitor

The following communication was received from the city solicitor, but no action was taken:

July 2, 1917.

To the Municipal Council of the City of Lowell.

Gentlemen: There are certain causes pending against the city of Lowell for claims for damages for personal injuries received on Pawtucket bridge during its construction.

If there is any liability for these claims, they should be immediately adjusted or settled by the corporation constructing the bridge, and would not be a request of your honorable board, that final payments to the National Engineering corporation be not made until the law department is notified.

Sincerely yours,

William D. Regan, City Solicitor.

The amendment to the jitney ordinance substituting the word city for commonwealth in the paragraph referring to the issuance of licenses, was passed, making the ordinance read that licenses shall be granted to residents of the city of Lowell.

V. A. Barr was granted a garage license at 274 Pine street.

The petition of the Lowell E. L. Corp. for permission to lay conduits in Appleton and Thorneike streets was granted. Mr. Warner was authorized to expend the sum of \$100 for the installation of gutters on the High street.

Communication was received from Supt. J. A. Hummel of the Lowell E. L. Corp. to the effect that the company was ready to install four of its electric lights in Cardinal O'Connell parkway, and a plan of the lights accompanied the letter. No action was taken.

Mr. Morse made a statement in reference to the resurfacing of Varnum avenue. He said the avenue was macadamized while he was in the city and was ready to be resurfaced. He then called Engineer

Store Open Tuesday Night Until 10. Closed All Day Wednesday, July 4th

## SAUNDERS' MARKET

GORHAM AND SUMMER STS. Telephone 3890-1-2-3

Just what you should have for a real 4th of July Dinner!

LARGE DECANTER NEW MINT SAUCE, Each..... 25c

CREAM OF WHEAT, fresh from the mill, 23c packages, ea. 18c

Fresh Green Native

PEAS pk. 70c

Heavy Boston Lettuce... 2c | Native Asparagus, bu... 10c

Large Fancy No. 1 Eastern Shore

New Potatoes 69c

15 lb. Peck

Salmon and Green Peas Combination

1 Tall Can Best Pink Salmon..... 15c

1 Can Table Peas..... 10c

Value of Both..... 25c

BOTH SOLD FOR 21 CENTS

1 lb. Flat Can Southern Beauty Steak-Salmon..... 15c

1 Can Early June Peas..... 13c

Value of Both..... 28c

BOTH SOLD FOR 25 CENTS

1 lb. Tall Can Best Red Alaska Salmon..... 28c

1 Can Best Extra Sifted Peas..... 15c

Value of Both..... 43c

BOTH SOLD FOR 35 CENTS

VEGETABLES

Beef Greens, pk. 10c

Butter Beans, pk. 10c

Carrots, pk. 10c

Cauliflower, pk. 10c

Corn, pk. 10c

Cucumbers, pk. 10c

Eggplants, pk. 10c

Green Beans, pk. 10c

Green Peas, pk. 10c

Lettermans, pk. 10c

Onions, pk. 10c

Potatoes, pk. 10c

Spinach, pk. 10c

Sweet Corn, pk. 10c

Tomatoes, pk. 10c

Turnips, pk. 10c

Watermelons, pk. 10c

White Potatoes, pk. 10c

Winter Squash, pk. 10c

Yard Long Beans, pk. 10c

Zucchini, pk. 10c

Asparagus, pk. 10c

Brussels Sprouts, pk. 10c

Cabbage, pk. 10c

Carrots, pk. 10c

Cauliflower, pk. 10c

Corn, pk. 10c

Cucumbers, pk. 10c

Eggplants, pk. 10c

Green Beans, pk. 10c

Green Peas, pk. 10c

Lettermans, pk. 10c

Onions, pk. 10c

Potatoes, pk. 10c

Spinach, pk. 10c

Sweet Corn, pk. 10c

Tomatoes, pk. 10c

Turnips, pk. 10c

Watermelons, pk. 10c

White Potatoes, pk. 10c

Winter Squash, pk. 10c

Yard Long Beans, pk. 10c

Zucchini, pk. 10c

Asparagus, pk. 10c

Brussels Sprouts, pk. 10c

Cabbage, pk. 10c

Carrots, pk. 10c

Cauliflower, pk. 10c

Corn, pk. 10c

Cucumbers, pk. 10c

Eggplants, pk. 10c

Green Beans, pk. 10c

Green Peas, pk. 10c

Lettermans, pk. 10c

Onions, pk. 10c

Potatoes, pk. 10c

Spinach, pk. 10c

Sweet Corn, pk. 10c

Tomatoes, pk. 10c

Turnips, pk. 10c

Watermelons, pk. 10c

White Potatoes, pk. 10c

Winter Squash, pk. 10c

Yard Long Beans, pk. 10c

Zucchini, pk. 10c

Asparagus, pk. 10c

Brussels Sprouts, pk. 10c

Cabbage, pk. 10c

Carrots, pk. 10c

Cauliflower, pk. 10c

Corn, pk. 10c

Cucumbers, pk. 10c

Eggplants, pk. 10c

Green Beans, pk. 10c

Green Peas, pk. 10c

Lettermans, pk. 10c

Onions, pk. 10c

Potatoes, pk. 10c

Spinach, pk. 10c

Sweet Corn, pk. 10c

Tomatoes, pk. 10c

Turnips, pk. 10c

Watermelons, pk. 10c

White Potatoes, pk. 10c

Winter Squash, pk. 10c

Yard Long Beans, pk. 10c

Zucchini, pk. 10c

Asparagus, pk. 10c

Brussels Sprouts, pk. 10c

Cabbage, pk. 10c

Carrots, pk. 10c

Cauliflower, pk. 10c

Corn, pk. 10c

Cucumbers





BRITISH SOLDIER IN EGYPTIAN DESERT

A British soldier in the Egyptian desert. It's a hot and dusty life for him, far from home, but in the course of his work stringing up telephone

## WILL OBSERVE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Adolphe Dubois, two prominent residents of this city, whose home is at 449 Moody street, will observe their golden wedding tomorrow by a high mass of thanksgiving at St. Jean Baptiste church in the morning, family dinner at the home of a daughter at noon and reception at the home of the couple in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Dubois, the latter formerly Miss Lucie Roche, were born at St. Maurice, Que., 72 years ago and were married in their home town July 4, 1867. Twenty-eight years ago they removed to this city with their family and since that time they have made their home here. Mr. Dubois is a carpenter by trade, and although well advanced in age he is still in the harness and quite active.

The couple have had 11 children, nine of whom are living, namely: Rene Dubois, Mrs. Maurice Novell, Albert Dubois, Mrs. Lucien Ducharme and Mrs. Adrien Beaudette, all of this city; Sister St. Marie Claire of the General Hospital at Ottawa, Ont.; Sister St. Olive of the Normal school of Hull, Que.; Sister St. Hilary of Haverhill and Joseph Dubois, a blind piano tuner of St. Jerome, Que. Mr. and Mrs. Dubois have 23 grandchildren.

Mr. Dubois is a member of several local fraternal organizations, while Mrs. Dubois is connected with several church societies and has always taken a very active part in the affairs of St. Joseph's parish, being a member of St. Anne's sodality and the Third Order of St. Francis.

Tomorrow will be a real holiday for the members of this large family, and all the children and grandchildren of the venerable couple, including the three nuns, will participate in the festivities.

Open an account in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank. Interest begins Saturday, July 7th.

## MUNICIPAL SOUP KITCHENS ARE STORMED BY HUNGRY IN SEARCH OF FOOD

COPENHAGEN, July 2.—The food difficulties, particularly the disappearance of potatoes, have driven Berliners in masses to the municipal soup kitchens, where they hope to get better rations than at home. The management of the kitchens reports 21,000 new registrations. The kitchens, however, are poorly supplied and the fare is scanty and monotonous.

## GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY CAUSES SURPRISE AND REJOICING IN LONDON

LONDON, July 3.—The resumption of the Russian offensive, with the capture of the town of Koniuchy and more than 10,000 prisoners, is the most cheerful news the British have had for some weeks.

References in recent German official communications to the activity of the Russians have given hope that something really serious was about to occur, but the public was hardly prepared for such immediate and successful results, as it was thought it would take a few days for the artillery to destroy the Austro-German defenses that were under construction for so many months.

The scene of the Russian success, between the Stripa and Zlota Lipa rivers, was the battle ground of much heavy fighting after Gen. Brussiloff's offensive of a year ago. This, like the other demonstrations, is in the direction of Lemberg, the capture of which would be of the greatest strategic and political importance. Gen. Brussiloff apparently has resumed his concentric maneuver, which was interrupted by the advent of winter and then by the revolution.

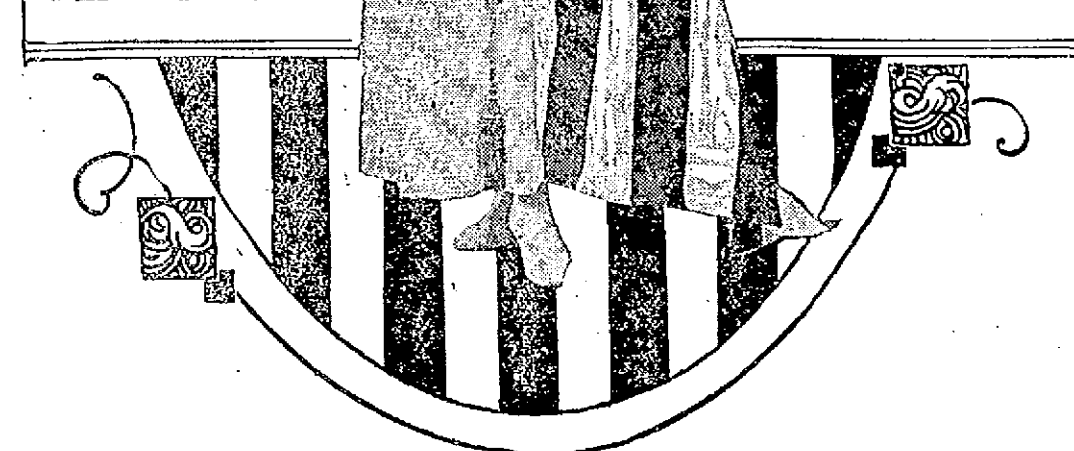
## \$100,000 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE SEIZED ON FICTITIOUS LETTER—IN ON TRIAL

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., July 3.—Over \$100,000 worth of merchandise was seized from manufacturers and jobbers throughout the United States on fictitious letters of credit by 46 Magof-

# AMERICA CALLS US ALL!

## ENLIST! WORK! SAVE!

## HONOR FREEDOM'S DAY, JULY 4!



## FOURTH OF JULY PROGRAM

### BAND CONCERTS

South Common, 2 to 4, U. S. Cartridge Co. band.  
North Common, 2 to 4, Lowell Cadet Band and Honey Boy Four.  
Fort Hill Park, 2 to 4, Lowell Military band.  
Highland Club, 8 to 10, Lowell Military band and Honey Boy Four.

### AMUSEMENTS

Moving pictures at Keith's, Merrimack Square, Royal, Jewel, Owl, Crown theatres.  
Special programs at Canobie Lake and Lakeview parks.  
Roller skating at Willow Dale.

### FLAG RAISING

Sacred Heart School hall, 5 o'clock, address by Hon. F. W. Mansfield.

### SPORTS

Horse racing, Golden Cove, afternoon.  
Lowell Gun Club shoot, Chelmsford Centre, afternoon.  
Ball game, Lawrence Mfg. Co. vs. South Ends, Spaulding Park, afternoon.  
Ball game, Lawrence Mfg. Co. vs. Centralville Pastime A. C., Alken street, 10 a. m.  
Ball game, Broadway S. and A. Club vs. Kimballs, North Common, afternoon.  
Marathon race and other events, Sacred Heart grounds, afternoon.

### MIDWAYS

South Common, entire day.  
Sacred Heart Church grounds, afternoon and evening.



PATRIOTISM LATEST IDEA IN BEACH DRESS

Miss Margaret Gibson proving the fact that not all the patriotism is in the war. Part of it is in the bathing suit at California water resorts. As patriotic a bathing gash as ever caressed by ocean spray—the one Miss Gibson has on—it looks like the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes rolled into one. As you can see for yourself it has all the patriotic lines to be desired.

Miss Gibson won first prize with this suit at a recent parade at Venice, Cal. She "was the cynosure of all eyes." "If you're going to wear patriotic clothes, don't be satisfied with just a little dab of red-white-and-blue ribbon," advises Miss Gibson, "Blossom forth in the full regalia of the national colors."

## MOVIES OF U-BOAT SINKING STEAMER

AN ATLANTIC PORT, July 2.—Moving picture views were taken from the deck of a submarine which fired 5 shots and sank the Greek steamship Dorothy on June 14, off the Italian coast, according to 11 members of the Dorothy's crew who arrived here today on the Italian steamship Giuseppe Verdi from Genoa. The submarine opened fire without warning, the men said. The crew lowered two boats and rowed to shore, while the picture man kept at his work.

## PRES. WILSON NOT TO TAKE VACATION THIS SUMMER

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Announcement was made today at the White House that President Wilson does not expect to take a vacation this summer but plans to remain in Washington, whether congress adjourns or not. 3,150,000 ENROLLED IN NEW YORK FOR DRAFT INSTEAD OF 2,800,000 LOOKED FOR

## SPAIN IS ON THE EVE OF IMPORTANT EVENTS

PARIS, July 2.—In Spain, the situation, far from improving, appears to be going from bad to worse. The gravity of the crisis is confirmed in such note as is received in Paris. The Madrid correspondent of the Petit Parisien telegraphing Sunday says that the suspension of constitutional guarantees by the government has not removed the unrest in Spain. The fact that the heavily-censored Spanish press publishes nothing concerning the internal situation seems to indicate that conditions are far from normal. E. Oriso Salmeron y Garcia, president of the short-lived Spanish republic who has just arrived from Spain, also takes a serious view of the situation there. In a statement published in the Petit Parisien he says he is convinced Spain is on the eve of important events.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The returns of the state military census show that in New York city 3,150,000 enrolled instead of the 2,800,000 looked for.

GREEK STEAMSHIP SUNK  
NEW YORK, July 2.—The Greek steamship Driskos, was torpedoed and sunk with a loss of one drowned and four wounded on June 28 or 29, presumably off the French coast, according to a cablegram received here from the captain today by the agent, D. J. Casaplatos.

THE SUN IS ON SALE AT THE NORTH STATION BOSTON



CONTROL AIRPLANE BUILDING IN U. S.

These men compose the United States aircraft production board and control the manufacture of airplanes for war so efficiency and economy may be maintained. They are, left to right, top: A. G. Cable of Chicago, secretary; Sidney G. Walden, Detroit; Howard B. Coffin, chairman; middle: R. L. Montgomery, New York; Brig.-Gen. George O. Squier of the army; Rear Admiral David W. Taylor, chief of naval construction and repair; below: F. A. Deeds, Dayton, O.

In county mountaineers who are to be placed on trial in federal court here today according to representatives of 100 business firms from almost as many cities who are to assist in the prosecution.

Through statements of financial responsibility on engraved stationery of a bank which had no existence in fact, it is alleged the mountaineers secured

NEWSBOY JOHNNY DOES HIS BIT IN WAR WORK; IS THANKED OFFICIALLY  
This picture is that of John McCarthy, twelve years old, newsboy, who is probably the first American to receive Uncle Sam's official thanks for contributing to America's war chest. The first week of this country's participation in the war he read of vast sums that this country would need to help to beat the Kaiser, and

carloads of merchandise supposedly for sale from fifty stores. The stores, however, like the bank, could not be found by investigators. The goods secured in this way, it is declared, ranged in value from bottles of patent medicines and boxes of dried fish to pianos.

## RAY PORTLAND MINES

This property is located in the famous Ray district of Arizona, adjoining the well-known Ray Consolidated and Ray Hercules.

Immense bodies of high-grade ore already developed and thousands of tons ready for the mills.

Capitalization: \$1,500,000—par value \$1 a share.

Management composed of well-known and conservative business men.

Presents an unusual opportunity to those seeking legitimate investment at present low market price.

Write us for full particulars

W. W. EASTERDAY & CO.  
Incorporated

STOCK BROKERS  
15 State St., Boston, Mass.

Telephone Fort Hill 4848  
New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Atlantic City, Richmond, Newark, Washington

## NEW TAXES IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, June 1.—New taxes will go into effect July 1 on articles not previously subject to taxation. Telephones in residences will be taxed 50 centavos a month and office telephones one peso a month after that date. This is a stamp tax and will be collected by the telephone companies.

A tax has been imposed throughout the republic on all forms of advertisements. Newspaper advertisements are taxed ten per cent. of the amount received. Each electric light globe is taxed ten centavos monthly.

All bottles containing alcoholic drinks of foreign production are taxed twenty centavos each, except beer which is taxed ten cents a bottle. Native liquors and beers are taxed about fifty per cent. of the rates on foreign goods.

## GENERAL GEORGE O. SQUIER, CHIEF OF SIGNAL SERVICE, HEADS ARMY AVIATORS

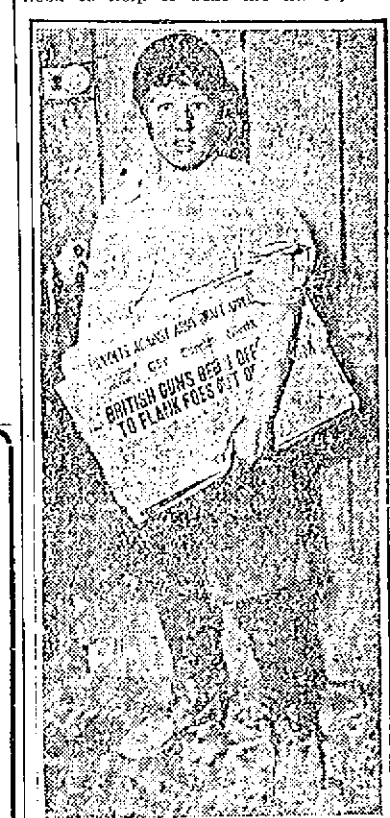
Brigadier General George O. Squier is chief signal officer of the United States army and director of the military aviation service. He believes the flying soldiers will be the most important branch of our activity against



GENERAL GEORGE O. SQUIER

Germany and asked congress to spend \$500,000,000 for the purpose of building, equipping and arming aeroplanes and training aviators. "The magnificently obvious thing is to knock out Germany's eyes by a thrust through the air," he said recently.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newsstand in the North station.



JOHN MCCARTHY

having 27 cents saved he wrapped the money up in a piece of paper and marked it "To help get food for our soldiers" and sent the money to Washington. John, who lives at 1562 Richmond Terrace, West New Brighton, N. Y., got the 27 cents from the sale of the foil which he picked up on the streets. He did not tell his mother or any one what he had done, but it was learned when John received from the treasury department an official receipt for his 27 cents.

## PAINTS

The enlargement of our office and storage room was but an incident in the enlarging of our stock. For after all, it's the goods that people want to see and buy—not the room. And verily, this store has the goods, especially in paints. The size and well-assorted variety of the paint stock from which you may select at Coburn's has no counterpart in Massachusetts and very few in the entire United States. This isn't boast—it's fact.

OLD COLONY PAINT, 24 colors and all good. All regular shades. Gallon \$2.50

TOWN & COUNTRY PAINT, 48 colors and all good. All regular shades. Gallon \$3.25

FREE COLOR CARDS

Free City Motor Delivery  
C. B. COBURN CO.  
63 MARKET ST.

## Perfect, Painless Dentistry



DENTAL WORK, scientifically developed at the Dr. Hewson Dental company, No. 40 Central street, has removed all dread of operations on, or removal of teeth. Nervous people, highly sensitive to pain are treated in cases requiring the most delicate skill without causing the patient the slightest discomfort. Dr. Hewson's dental treatment specializes the treatment of super-sensitive sufferers.

Examinations, advice and guaranteed estimates of the cost of putting your teeth in perfect condition are FREE.

## IMMEDIATE SERVICE IN EMERGENCY CASES

Worthless teeth are removed; curable members are treated, and new teeth provided the same day, providing, however, you come to Dr. Hewson's Dental offices in the morning. All services and materials are guaranteed for ten years by a written warranty as good as U. S. Treasury Bond.

\$25 Worth of Service at Dr. Hewson's Dental Offices for...

Free extraction even if you have 16 teeth removed, would cost...

Gold tooth free, regular price...

Best red rubber sells regularly \$12.00 for...

All of this \$25 worth of expert, sympathetic, guaranteed dental service for...

CLIP THIS COUPON—IT IS WORTH \$1.00 CASH

Any new patient presenting this coupon at Dr. Hewson's Dental Offices, No. 40 Central Street will receive \$1.00 worth of work absolutely FREE. This offer is made to demonstrate the painless methods of filling, crowning and extracting.

Rootless, Gumless, Invisible Dental Plates

Only at Dr. Hewson's Dental Offices can you secure this invisible, rootless, gumless, triple suction plate that cannot drop, rock nor come loose. The closest observer cannot detect its presence in the mouth. Demonstrated free.

Fillings ..... 50c and upward  
Best Bridge Work \$3 per tooth  
Full Set of Teeth ..... \$5.00

Dr. Hewson Dental Co. Central St.

Hours: 8.30 to 6.00, Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays; Saturdays till 3.00.

# NOTICE

Thursday being a half holiday, the undersigned Jewelers will close July 5, all day—

GEORGE H. WOOD      DAVID PERREAULT  
FRANK RICARD      WILLIS J. PELTIER  
J. A. FILION      D. W. HARLOW  
HARRY RAYNES      G. A. ANTONAS  
M. F. WOOD      C. A. SENTER

Customers Kindly Do Your Shopping Early



# GOVERNOR ACTS IN BOSTON RIOT

BOSTON, July 3.—The riot following the socialist parade on Sunday resulted in speedy action by Gov. McCall yesterday, and within a few hours of his arrival from Washington, officials of the United States government, army and navy were in consultation with the governor at the state house.

The conference lasted two hours, starting at 4 o'clock, and every phase of the affair was gone over by Gov. McCall, Brig. Gen. Edwards, U.S.A., United States Dist. Atty. Anderson, Col. E. L. Logan of the 9th regiment, Lieut. Commander Little and Lieut. Ayer, representing Commandant Klush of the navy yard, and Asst. Dist. Atty. Rogers of Mr. Anderson's office. Mayor Curley declared yesterday that the riot was prearranged. Mayor Curley said he believes in free speech and asserted that if socialists or anybody else asked for a permit to parade or to speak in the common he would grant it. He said that he had been asked to stop the socialists speaking on the common, but he had refused.

In his statement the mayor said that a man representing himself as Mayor Curley had called upon Supt. Crowley to prevent the socialists from carrying their banners of protest or their red flags. In Mayor Curley's absence, Councilor James J. Storrow was acting mayor. Supt. Crowley admitted that Mr. Storrow conferred with him, but declined to tell what was said.

Gen. Edwards Ready to Act  
Brig. Gen. Edwards expressed his opinion yesterday morning when he said: "If any federal regulars or militiamen in the federal service ever interfere with any legitimate expression of public opinion I will deal with them peremptorily." He expressed an opinion that no man in the federal service had any part in the melee. He threatened prompt

action if he found that any federal troops participated in the affair. Men arrested in connection with the riot were brought into the municipal court yesterday morning, to plead before Special Justice Bennett in one session and Judge Michael Murray in another session. If J. Donovan and Alfred Markham were the only ones to plead guilty. Judge Bennett fined them \$5 each.

Abraham Wiring of Chestnut street, Chelsea; John Luck of Linden Park street, George Rumba of Kiltredge street, Jacob Gendev of Thomas park, South Boston; Robert Birso of Roman terrace, Peter Yotts of Lincoln and Louis Price of Lynn, all pleaded not guilty. There were various charges, including assault and battery and participating in an affray. Price was discharged by Judge Murray. The names of the others were continued to July 11.

Gov. McCall's Statement  
The conference at the state house in the afternoon was followed by a statement by Gov. McCall, as follows: "While I am far from being a socialist, the way to defend their rights is not by force. It is by the use of the law and the breaking up of their property and breaking up their parades."

"I am of opinion that the part played by the soldiers and sailors has been exaggerated, but at the same time it was very unfortunate that the men wearing the uniform of the United States took any part in such a disturbance. In doing so they violated the first essential of military and naval discipline, and I know their participation is strongly disapproved by the commanding army and navy officers."

"It is the duty of the soldier to obey his superiors and it is most antagonistic to his duty to resort to violence in order to resent or control the expressions of opinion by the civil population. Assurances are received from the commanding general of the northeastern department and the commander of the navy that there is no liability of the recurrence of the disorder on the part of the men wearing the federal uniform."

Mr. Anderson, the United States attorney, stated that he had seen the governor's statement and heartily concurred therein.

FAIR SIZED APPENDAGE AT SPARKS' CIRCUS AND THE SHOW WAS GOOD

Despite the proximity of the Fourth of July and the recent appearance of several circuses in Lowell, Sparks' circus, which held forth on the Lakeview avenue grounds yesterday afternoon and evening, drew two fair sized audiences. The show could not by any means be called a world beater as far as size went, but many of the acts were of real big show calibre.

The outfit had the usual assortment of acts shown where minstrelsy is in attendance to give the on-looker a thrill. The usual harkens were outside with their age-old stories of the unprecedented wonder of their prowess within the canvas, and again all that separated the mere outsider from an intimate acquaintance with the gods within was a negligible tenth of a dollar.

If one wanted to see the really best part of the circus he was exhorted to go into the "main performance," and here, the gentleman at the entrance said, he would see the wonders of the ages. Upon entering, greetings from a pair of lions, a half dozen monkeys, a leopard, several elephants, camels, a mule, and a pony were received. By the visitor, and then one made one way still further into the labyrinth of

canvases, and found a tent to view the spectacle of the ages. There was the customary circus act—two rings, a stage, trapeze, and the refreshment vender, who was in the manner of a juggler in his vocal activities. The performance itself opened with the parade about the ring of the riders, clowns, elephants and camels with a 30 piece band at the head. Then a group of baraback riders dashed in, and thrilled the spectators for a short time. From then on there was no more than the average—trained seals, and the hundred and one adjuncts of any "big top" performance.

After the performance itself came the wild west show, which all were invited to attend—at the expenditure of another dime. Many of the visitors accepted the invitation.

All told, Sparks' circus was what a circus should be, even though it did not approach the magnitude of its big brothers.

GRAND JURY AIMS TO END EX-ORDINATE PROFITS ON CANNED GOODS

CHICAGO, July 3.—Recommendation of legislation which would eliminate the exorbitant profits of the middle man in canned goods, a question raised as to the legality of the so-called piggin butter board and laws urged to curb present cold-storage plant activities, were points in the report of the grand jury, given to Judge Landis yesterday afternoon when he excused the jurors.

In accepting the findings, Judge Landis instructed transcripts of the report be prepared and copies sent to the vice president of the United States and the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives and the two senators from Illinois.

Canners, wholesalers and jobbers have devised some means for insuring complete co-operation among themselves which results in keeping the consumer from dealing directly with the producer or the retailer, reads the findings of the jury.

It was urged that some method of publishing the wholesale prices of goods be devised, so that housewives may know when they are being charged too high.

KERENSKY MADE OVER THE DOUBTING PEASANT ARMY INTO VICTORIOUS FIGHTING MACHINE

To Alexander N. Kerensky, the young war minister, more than to any other man in the world, is due the credit of having made over the doubting peasant army into a victorious fighting machine. From the moment of accepting the difficult post given up by Guelok, whom the army would not obey, Kerensky has never ceased to urge the army to fight. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause. He has been successful in his efforts to win the army over to his cause.

# "SILVER THREADS" AND GRAY IN HAIR

Let Q-Ban, a Simple, Safe, Sure Preparation, Bring Natural Color and Hair Health. Not a Dye.

Here is the safe, clean, healthful and certain way to restore the natural color to gray or faded, lifeless hair—the method in perfect good taste and accepted by America's foremost people. Q-Ban is all ready to use. It is guaranteed to be harmless. It is sold under guarantee of "satisfaction or money back." Only 50c for a large bottle at Louis L. Liggett Co. and all good drug stores.

Try Q-Ban Hair Tonic, Q-Ban Liquid Shampoo, Q-Ban Toilet Soap, also Q-Ban Depilatory (odorless) for removing superfluous hair. Send for free illustrated book of lectures, "Hair Culture." Adv.

See contents, most of the dining room furniture and some of that in the chandeliers.

Guests in the hotel last night included W. M. Payson, Boston; Lemuel Spangle, Portland; Mrs. E. W. Boyce of Sharon, Mass. and her guest, Miss Irene Stone of New York; Miss Gertrude Brown of Thomaston, secretary of Mr. Boyce, and the head clerk, Fred Olson of Boston.

Four soldiers, burned severely in their work, were taken to the post hospital. It was necessary to move some of the furniture in Fort Lovett so intense was the heat.

This hotel was built 30 years ago and was owned by the Cushing Island company, the estate of Cushing Island, Montreal, President and Postmaster Wish of this city, treasurer.

It was leased to the E. W. Boyce company, 111 Tremont street, Boston, nine years ago. The house was opened June 24 and was popular with Canadians many years. The hotel will not be rebuilt.

INDICATIONS POINT TO DISMISSAL OF SEVERAL COAL INDENTMENTS

NEW YORK, July 3.—Contentions that the government had failed to prove the charges of trade in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

It was indicated at adjournment last evening that Judge Grubb would not dismiss any cases until after the defense had presented its side. Taking of testimony began today.

Dismissal in the cases of several of the defendants with the government's consent was foreshadowed when Judge Grubb called upon the prosecution to tabulate the testimony against each person and corporation accused.

The defendants, instead of having restrained trade, as alleged, fostered and increased it, their counsel asserted yesterday.

Attorney George Gordon Battle declared that the alleged price fixing took place when the government was charging more for coal than the defendants.

# ONE OF WORST ELECTRICAL STORMS IN YEARS

BOSTON, July 3.—One of the worst electrical storms in years swept Greater Boston last night, bombarding it with hail and causing heavy property damage.

Scores of buildings were struck by lightning, trees and trolley and telephone poles were snapped and uprooted, steam and electric traffic was paralyzed, and telegraph and telephone and lighting systems put temporarily out of commission.

The storm seemed to be most powerful in the route of the Charles river. In Newton, Cambridge and Woburn considerable damage was done. In Woburn a school building, filled with passengers, was struck and set on fire.

An audience in a moving picture house in Cambridge was thrown into a panic when the lights went out. A cool-headed manager, who informed the audience there was no danger, was responsible for the absence of injury to the frightened spectators.

The lightning struck the houses of Harry W. Foster, 92 West Broadway street, Melrose. It entered through the attic and ran down the partition into a bedroom, where Mrs. Curtis and two children were sleeping. The children, clothing caught fire and killed Mrs. Curtis' hair. A window near the bed fell in and struck two children, causing painful bruises. Mrs. Curtis screamed and her husband rushed in and rescued her and the children from the burning bed.

The storm raged with great fury. Telephone poles and trees were struck by lightning or blown down. Streets were flooded with water, and traffic was paralyzed.

The house of J. A. Cottig, at 30 Ilmo avenue.

# HON. F. W. MANSFIELD TO SPEAK HERE TOMORROW

The grand patriotic observance in connection with the annual open-air reunion of the Sacred Heart parishioners scheduled to take place on the parish grounds, Moore street, tomorrow afternoon and evening, promises to be one of the most successful of the local celebration of the glorious Fourth.

Universal interest throughout the city is being manifested in this affair, which from noon until midnight will be one continuous centre of enjoyment.

The various committees appointed to promote the success of the affair have been unsparring in their efforts to make it a fitting observance of the most important holiday, and that they have succeeded is eloquently testified by the excellence of the program arranged for the occasion.

A beautiful procession of the Sacred Heart parishioners, during the flag-raising exercises Cardinal O'Connell's benediction hymn, The Cross and the Flag, will be sung by the school children, and as the flag is raised to the top of the flag-pole the "Star Spangled Banner" will be sung by all present.

Frederick W. Mansfield, the orator of the occasion, will arrive at the grounds shortly before 5 p. m. when the flag-raising exercises will immediately begin.

The marchion race will be the big sporting event of the day. About 25 entries have been received and it is the consensus of opinion throughout the city that the contest will be one of the most closely contested of the day.

Store Open Tonight Till 9.30—Closed All Day the 4th

# SPECIALS FOR THE 4th

LADIES' SILK SWEATERS—Priced

\$7.95 to \$20.00

WOOLTEX WASH SKIRTS—Priced

\$2.95 to \$7.50

Merrimack Clothing Comp'y  
ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

# ARGUE EXCEPTIONS IN THE SMALL CASE

OSSIPPE, N. H., July 3.—The hearing on the bill of \$1 exceptions taken by counsel for Frederick E. Small, now confined in state prison under sentence to be hanged on Jan. 15, 1918, for the murder of his wife, Florence Helen Curry Small, at their cottage on the shore of Lake Ossipee, was held before Judge John Kivell, in superior court here yesterday afternoon.

The courtroom was filled with spectators. Atty. Gen. Tuttle of Manchester, County Solicitor Walter D. H. Hill of North Conway and Esq. County Atty. William J. E. Brown of Wolfeboro appeared for the state. William S. Matthews, Judge Sidney F. Stevens of Somersworth and Judge Sewall W. Abbott of Wolfeboro appeared for Small.

Among the exceptions noted were the following: To the testimony of Barton C. Carlton of Center Ossipee, Frank S. Piper and Edwin S. Thompson of North Conway, electrical experts in regard to devices for making a fire; detective Wedger's testimony in making the fire; to Dr. Beaton's testimony in regard to alleged threats made to take Mrs. Small's life and Small's admitting he struck his wife over the head with a hatchet.

At the close Atty. Gen. Tuttle requested more time and Judge Kivell allowed him till July 11.

# AMERICAN TROOPS WILL PARADE IN PARIS

PARIS, July 3.—A battalion of American troops arrived in Paris this morning to parade on July 4. The Americans were greeted by wildly enthusiastic crowds which packed the streets through which they marched to Noilly barracks, where they are quartered. The officers are being entertained at the Military club.

The Americans arrived at the Austro-litz station at 2.40 o'clock, having been 88 hours on the way from the French port at which they debarked. The soldiers were greeted by representatives of the French and American armies. The French Red Cross provided refreshments, and the American association also sent representatives to greet them.

Headed by their own band, the soldiers carrying their rifles and field packs, fell in and marched off to the barracks. The crowds waved American and French flags. Hundreds of American flags were seen in the throngs at the station.

As the troops swung through the streets French girls pinned bouquets and American flags on the soldiers' breasts. Flowers were scattered along the route. The band played "Yankee Doodle," "Dixie," "Marching Through Georgia" and other American songs. French soldiers leave grassy fields beside them.

Money deposited in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank on or before Saturday, July 7th, will draw interest from that date.

# SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Loyal Wampanoag lodge, I.O.O.F.M.U., was held last night at 8 o'clock at the Highland club. The following officers were installed for the ensuing term by D. A. McLean as conductor: G. A. John B. Campbell; N. G. John F. Corfield; V. E. Foster; W. S. N. G. Harry Lee; R. S. to V. G. Frank Bowles; L. S. to V. G. Harry W. Short; J. H. O'Neil; Treasurer, John W. Warden; Arthur J. Willis; chaplain, Willis H. Bowles; J. G. W. Waterman; O. G. Elmer Austin; Grand Master, W. S. N. G. Harry Lee; Grand Secretary, Frank Cleveland; J. Following the installation a social hour was enjoyed, during which refreshments were served by the entertainment committee and N. G. J. F. Corfield.

# FINNISH DIVISION PARTICIPATED IN GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY AT KONIUCHY

PETROGRAD, July 3.—Details from an authorized source of the victorious Russian attack in Gallia state that a Finnish division participated in the victory at Koniuchy. All enemy trenches on the slopes of Mount Sednaya Gaura, east of Koniuchy were occupied. Besides the village of Koniuchy the forest west thereof, as far as Kolt was taken. All German trenches south of Koniuchy and the wood west of the village of Schibalm were occupied. Three lines of enemy trenches near Schibalm also two lines of trenches northwest of Zoloukh and similar positions southwest of Potutory and east and southeast of Nitschensou fell into the hands of the Russians.

# PIRATE BOAT TAKEN IN GULF OF MEXICO AFTER AN HOUR'S FIGHT

MEXICO CITY, July 3.—The power schooner Mariscal, which has been preying on vessels in the Gulf of Mexico, has been captured in the Tula river.

The pirate was pursued by the dispatch boat Liger, and surrendered only after an hour's fight. The Mariscal was taken to Vera Cruz.

This week is "Quarter Week" at The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

# Countless Women find—

that when suffering from nervousness, sick headache, dizzy spells and ailments peculiar to their sex—nothing affords such prompt and welcome relief, as will follow a few doses of

# BEECHAM'S PILLS

A proven women's remedy, which assists in regulating the organs, and re-establishing healthy conditions. Beecham's Pills contain no habit-forming drug—leave no disagreeable after-effects. They are—

# Nature's aid to better Health

Directions of Social Value in Women are with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

# Welch Bros Co.

HEATING and PLUMBING CONTRACTORS  
Pipe, Fittings, Pumps and Supplies  
73 MIDDLE STREET.

# BE PATRIOTIC—SHOW YOUR COLORS

Put a FLAGLITE On Your Car

AN ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED SILK FLAG ATTACHED TO THE RADIATOR CAP, GIVING A MOST PLEASING EFFECT EITHER BY DAY OR NIGHT.

Everything Complete and Installed for \$3.00

AT SAWYER'S WORTHEN ST.

# FOR THE 4th

Try this remarkable Temperance Beverage in your home

# ANZAC

So good, no different you will want it for the 6th, 8th and all days. Sold where temperance drinks are sold. Order Now. PHONE 1860

BECHARD BROTHERS, 86 Aiken St., Lowell, Mass.—Distributors



IPSWICH-15 Socks

Look for the Sign of the Good Witch. It costs only four cents to learn whether you are one of the many men who need

Soft Knit

IPSWICH-15

Lowell, July 3, 1917

# A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

CLOSED ALL DAY TOMORROW—THE 4th

Today's Specials in Our Great Underprice Basement

SOCKS For Tots 19c a Pair

For 25c and 30c Values

About 100 dozen, manufacturers' samples. Fine mercerized and silk lisle, white with fancy colored tops. Just the thing for summer wearing.

Only 19c a Pair

Women's 50c Union Suits at 39c

Fine jersey rib, with low neck, silk trimmed, no sleeves, tight knee, lace trimmed. Regular 50c garments, at

39c

600 PAIRS OF MEN'S KHAKI PANTS AT \$1.00 PAIR

Strong, well made pants, full sizes, with heavy seams and trimmings, cuff bottoms. Worth \$1.50.

Only \$1.00 a Pair

PALMER STREET BASEMENT

Resinol keeps skins clear in spite of everything

The smoke and dust of city life, the sun and wind of the country, the steam and dirt of housework—all spell ruin for good complexions. But the regular use of Resinol Soap, with an occasional application of Resinol Ointment, keeps the skin so clean, clear and fresh that it simply cannot help being beautiful.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Ointment. Why don't you begin using them?

Resinol

Howard

197 Central St.



# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor  
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.  
Member of the Associated Press

## FOR SAFE AND SANE FOURTH

Some of the stores are loaded up with unusual stocks of fireworks. There is a disposition in some quarters to make the coming natal day unusually boisterous, not to say a day of tetanus and general recklessness.

But, there never were stronger reasons for "a safe and sane Fourth" than we have this year.

The old arguments for sanity, such as loss of life and property, still hold good but there are new reasons fully as strong as the old.

The Fourth of July is in effect our special occasion for celebrating a great victory over Great Britain. We are now joined with Great Britain in a war for world democracy. Under these circumstances it would not be courteous or appropriate on our part to be down in friendly association with the British lion and then go to twisting his tail into a hard knot. But, strongest reason of all for not setting fire to our money simply to make a loud noise is the fact that we're going to need every dollar of our money to shoot off at an enemy who is striking at our very existence.

The powder and cartridges we explode on July 4 will not injure Germany in the slightest degree. On the contrary, Germany would rejoice to hear that on July 4, we displayed much foolishness in celebrating a victory over 140 years ago because we have none of recent date to boast over; although we have been at war with Germany for some months. By wasting our money in blowing off good powder we should give the Germans an opportunity to laugh at our foolishness and to resume confidence in their ability to beat us.

Have we money to burn or money to sustain and defend those who are fighting at the front for our homes, our rights and our lives? Which shall we do? While some of our men are fighting the enemy and others getting ready to enter the conflict, would it be less than criminal to waste money on explosives only to cause accidents which would require hospital treatment that should be given to the wounded soldiers? The man who enters into a boisterous, expensive and dangerous form of observance is not giving proof of that wise patriotism that should induce economy, abnegation and a departure from old customs in order to meet the present emergency.

At a time when the nation's life depends upon increased production, ability to stand high food prices, economy and the very best of organization for the awful, relentless demands of war, shall we put the match to our money? Sanity and safety say no. The people throughout the land by their self-restraint tomorrow should show that they have learned the lesson of thrift, economy and sane preparedness.

## WHERE IS FOOD WASTED?

This is food conservation week when women especially will be expected to enlist in the movement. We have heard a great deal about waste of food in the household of late and as we have stated heretofore we repeat that we do not believe half the statements made regarding food waste. We are inclined to agree with Mrs. Henry Wade Rogers, chairman of the National American Suffrage association, when she denies that there is any such waste as is alleged by certain conservators who put the loss of the food crop through extravagance as high as 50 per cent. This seems absurd, at least so far as the housewife is concerned. It may have some foundation as applied to food manipulators and to the speculators who burn up potato stores to help produce a scarcity. But the housekeeper who buys everything she needs at the prevailing prices is not likely to waste anything that can be saved. It may be possible by the highest skill in the culinary art to utilize some of the waste materials that find their way to the garbage can. For this reason there may be some who by skillful methods might be able to save certain foodstuffs which they now throw away. It is their duty to study these problems and to learn how the waste can be reduced to a minimum. The women of Lowell, we presume, have already done almost as much as they possibly can in domestic economy but if they can be shown another point they are only too willing to learn.

## RAILROADS DISSATISFIED

The Interstate Commerce Commission has refused to grant the railroad an increase of 15 per cent in freight rates. Possibly this was an act of simple justice on the part of the commission, but in spite of this, we surmise the railroads will raise such a howl that the commission may have to reverse its decision later on in order to secure harmony and get the best transportation results. Any dissatisfaction among the railroads at this important juncture might seriously handicap the government in its demands for the best and quickest transportation the railroads can provide. The railroads have been shouting for an increase in rates for some time past in a measure as a result of the increase of wages granted to the Brotherhood last year. There is no denying the fact that the railroads are hit hard by the great increase in the cost of labor and material as well as by the shortening of hours. They have been unable to supply the number of new cars necessary and car

shortage is one of the great drawbacks of our transportation systems throughout the country. The roads are not likely to make any attempt to overcome that defect unless they get what they want.

## SHEER CARELESSNESS

The fact that a slight washout caused an electric car to jump the tracks and tumble down an embankment into the Niagara river, shows strange carelessness on the part of the railroad officials. There should have been some protection there to prevent such a disaster even if the motorman was too reckless or too blind to see the washout. A car is liable to jump the track at any time but it might reasonably be supposed that should such an accident occur, there would be some post or fence to prevent the car from descending with its passengers into the river on the edge of the great whirlpools. The possible in this case was unexpected but it happened as it usually does. There are many other accidents of a similar kind possible. To exercise due care the company should make such accidents impossible.

## THE SILLY PICKETS

The suffragist pickets at Washington are convincing a great many men that women who cannot realize the fitness of things in this moment of national stress, are not fit to be entrusted with the franchise. They are also convincing many friends of the cause to bitter enemies, for all of which there is good cause in the manner in which the Washington pickets are pestering President Wilson and disgracing the nation.

The cause of woman suffrage will be seriously injured unless the decent, sensible advocates of the reform come out and repudiate the action of these hysterical fanatics seeking a cheap notoriety at the expense of the nation. They are putting their own petty demands above the welfare of the nation.

## RUTH CRUGER

The story of Ruth Cruger might impress some young girls with a sense of duty and a knowledge of where danger lies, even better than could some of the "movies" exploited for the special benefit of the unsophisticated girl. When a girl meets misfortune and disappears, the police generally conclude that she was bad herself and if anything happened to her, it was the result of her own conduct. The New York police arrived at that conclusion once too often.



If It's JERSEY—  
It's Right

You can buy it in Bricks; by the Plate or Box; in College Ices, Sodas or Cones. But so long as it's genuine

Jersey  
Ice Cream

you buy the best and purest Cream.

For JERSEY is made in a model plant. Of only the choicest materials. And by the most hygienic methods and means.

"Look for the Tript-Sea!"  
JERSEY ICE CREAM CO.  
LAWRENCE, MASS. (9)

For Sale by  
Dealers in Every Section of Lowell

Have Your Going Away Trunks  
and Bags Repaired  
Also Buy Your New Luggage at  
DEVINE'S  
156 Merrimack St. Tel. 2160

The local evening newspaper is the paper that reaches the home when the whole family is there to read it. The Sun fills this field in Lowell.

## SEEN AND HEARD

The bride's travelling attire was a pearl.—Courier-Citizen.

Office courtesy doesn't necessarily mean kissing the stenographer every morning.

Somebody said that we could solve the high cost of living by not wearing any more clothes than we could afford and somebody else said that would mean quick arrest for a whole lot of us.

"Days That Are No More!"  
Remember when you used to pull your boiled shirt over your head?—Boston Globe.

And hooked on your bow tie at the back of your celluloid collar.—Pittsburg Post.

And when our buggy riding Sunday afternoon in Boston Globe.

And bought three pounds of pork for a quarter.—New York Mail.

And wore a hat with nearly every color of the rainbow?—Spartanburg Journal.

And twisted knots in your socks to keep 'em up?—Albion Journal.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

And bought a nickel a glass?—Pittsburg Post.

And were your dresses below your shoulders?—Lancaster Press.

## FELT LIKE A NEW PERSON

After Taking Only One Box Of "Fruit-a-lives"

East Ship Harbour,  
"It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefits I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-lives'. For years, I was a dreadful sufferer from Constipation and Headaches, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-lives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, I feel like a new person, to have relief from those sickening Headaches."

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.  
Box, a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ogdenburg, N.Y.

street railway company ought to make a good bonfire of some of the dilapidated cars that are being used on the Lawrence street and Fletcher street lines.

The Life of the Party  
His stuff's not refined, he's a lowbrow for fair.

With his jokes that are mostly pure punning. But, somehow or other, whenever he's there.

The laughter keeps merrily running; He's frequently raucous and strident and loud.

And the "ultra" folks dub him a smarty. But he takes the cold chill out of many a crowd.

When he makes himself "Life of the Party."

You know him, you've seen him come in when the bunch was ready to perish with boredom.

And then, by some sort of a magical touch, You've seen how to joy he's restored 'em; He's lacking in dignity? True, very true.

His manner is slap-dash and hearty. But that's how he wakes up the other folk, too.

And proves himself "Life of the Party."

"A Pest" some folks say, as their eye-frowns they lift. But he's truly a regular blessing; For breaking the ice is his wonderful gift.

When the dullness of things is distressing. And I know when he goes to his final reward St. Peter'll cry, "Welcome, my hearty!"

And whenever the saints up in heaven grow bored They'll send for the "Life of the Party."

—Berton Braley.

HERE'S AN OPPORTUNITY FOR GOOD JOB

Special to The Sun  
STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, July 3.—Any Massachusetts lady with ability to write and deliver lectures on food economics and food chemistry has an opportunity to obtain a position under the state department of health, which will pay her \$1200 per year, and as much more as she demonstrates herself to be worth.

This is one of the steps which the department intends taking in order to lower the steadily mounting cost of living. The successful lady will be known as an instructor in food economics and in addition to writing and delivering lectures on that problem, she will be required also to do research and investigation work in the laboratory of the department.

Special consideration will be given to persons holding a bachelor's or doctor's degree in science or having equivalent training in biology, chemistry, bacteriology and allied subjects. Successful applicants may also be subjected to a physical examination.

The mental examination will include the following subjects: a written statement of education; training and experience; a thesis on some subject connected with the economics or chemistry of food; technical questions aimed to test the applicants' knowledge of biology and bacteriology of foods.

Only citizens of the United States

who have been residents of Massachusetts for the past year may take the examination, and women only.

Applications must be obtained from the office of the civil service commission. Applications must be filed not later than July 11, at 6 p. m. HOYT.

ARMS TO BE GIVEN OUT FOR HOME GUARD

Special to The Sun  
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 3.—The war department expects this week to respond to the requisition for arms made by the governors of states for the use of the Home Guard. It is unlikely, however, that the requisitions will be met in full as the supply of available rifles is exceedingly small.

The department gives out most of its statements but apparently reliable information shows the number to be low in the thousands to be divided among the 48 states. This is but a drop in the bucket if they could be utilized for coast defense and similar purposes, and it seems to be the understanding that the arms thus obtained will be used for the protection of munition, machinery and other warlike plants engaged in making government supplies.

The arms will be delivered to the governors of the states, bonds must be furnished for their keeping and they will be distributed within the state according to orders issued by its governor.

It has been suggested that in states where state colleges or other institutions now have in their possession available arms belonging to the United States, such arms shall be withdrawn from the military college and become a part of the state allotment and distributed in the same manner as the new allotment, thus increasing the number of rifles available for that state. Information obtained at the war department shows that this could be done but the consent of the War Department would be necessary.

In each case and old bonds would be then cancelled and new bonds issued. RICHARDS.

HOMESTEAD COMMISSION WILL BUILD HOMES HERE FOR LABORERS ON EASY TERMS

The members of the Massachusetts Homestead commission came to Lowell yesterday afternoon and toured the city in an endeavor to locate sites for the development of \$50,000 worth of property and the erection of some 20 homes, a proposition that has already been outlined in detail in The Sun.

The tour of inspection was made under the auspices of the board of trade.

The members of the commission present were Henry Sterling, secretary; Dr. Kenyon L. Butterfield and Arthur C. Komey. The party arrived in Lowell at 10 a. m. and left at 11 a. m. noon and accompanied by a committee from the board of trade went to Fort Hill park, through the Highlands, Oakland, Centralville and Pawtucket, where they were entertained at lunch.

In the evening a conference was held at the Hotel Concord. The members of the commission present, Secretary Sterling, explained the homestead proposition and said the commission has planned to meet the need of earning from \$14 a week down. He informed his listeners that the commission would erect suitable homes for the poor and would make payments of \$15 a month. A general discussion followed and when the members of the commission left the city they advised the committee of the board of trade to have the families interested in the plan communicate with the commission at their earliest convenience.

WITHDRAW NATIONAL GUARDSMEN FROM BRIDGE DUTY—GO INTO CAMP

BOSTON, July 3.—By midnight tonight the 15th regiment of the National Guardsmen who have been guarding railroad bridges and industrial plants in New England will have withdrawn from duty. They will be replaced by guards drawn from other sources. The Massachusetts guardsmen will go into training at encampments in this state while awaiting the call to serve as a part of the regular army.

BIDS FOR BONDS

The city of Lowell will receive bids until 10 o'clock, the 10th of July, for the purchase of \$100,000 of 4-1/2 per cent hospital bonds, dated July 1, and payable \$5000 each year, 1918 to 1937, inclusive.

CHEMICAL ENGINEERS IN WARTIME

Much of the success of the present war depends upon chemicals, the supply of chemicals and particularly upon the chemical engineer. Thirty thousand of the latter are now doing their part in the interests and service of the government, under the direction of the national committee in Washington, and as a body, are prepared to give of their science and ability to further the victory which must come to this country.

Not only is the chemical engineer a prime factor now during the war when chemicals are playing their part in the fighting on all fronts, but the chemical engineer, in entering the powerful preparations of the world of American manufacturers is a higher one than before the war, and that his place in the war of national development is fully established.

The increasing importance of chemical manufacture in this country began with the cutting off of supply of both raw and manufactured chemicals, when German importations ceased, at the beginning of the war. Not only were stocks quickly depleted, causing a rise in the prices, but the chemical manufacturers in the United States were not equipped either with machinery or with practical workmen, nor even many of the raw goods, to begin manufacture for many months after the war began.

Knowledge of the extent of the chemical industry, therefore has increased, and the general public has some knowledge of the role played by the experts, whose intricate chemical processes have made the explosives in warfare almost the centre of attraction in any discussion of the possibility of terminating the conflict. The advanced processes which have made the asphyxiating gases, and which applied liquid fire to the onslaught of armies, are only small parts of the development of modern chemistry for it is to the advance of commercial chemistry that the mind of the chemist is now principally turned.

There are problems which are being solved in the period which will be brought before the fifty-fifth convention of the American Chemical society in September, and not only is the interest of the chemists of the country centered upon these questions, but it is held at that meeting for the furtherance of their business and manufacture. The convention will mark a period of enormous advance in the industry whose production, including dyes, is still far behind the leading food of abroad. One condition of the war, in the fact that Germany, at the time of the declaration of the war, was exporting as many as 400,000 tons of chemicals, and where as it was necessary for the American manufacturers to limit their products to less than 200.

## TOUR YELLOWSTONE via Auto—a Wonderful Vacation Trip

No more slow and uncomfortable horse stages in Yellowstone Park! Uncle Sam says automobiles must be used exclusively. He has also placed the hotels, camps and autos each under one management, which will greatly add to the efficiency of the service.

Go to the Yellowstone this summer and see for yourself all those marvels of nature you have heard of since childhood—geysers throwing out tons of boiling water, great canyons "in one wild welter of color," waterfalls almost twice the height of Niagara. And of your return, come out by way of the "Godey Road." Otherwise you miss some of the grandest scenery in the entire Yellowstone region. It gives you the most interesting part of the trip—all by automobile over fine government-built roads.

Stop at the office and let me help you plan the trip, or write and I will gladly send you a beautifully illustrated folder describing the wonders of Yellowstone.

Auto Stocks, New England Pass Agt., C. B. & Q. R. Co., 254 Washington Street, Boston.

NARROW GAUGE EMPLOYEES VOTE TO STRIKE AT MIDNIGHT TONIGHT

BOSTON, July 3.—A strike of about 150 employees of the Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn railroad will start at midnight tonight, unless a settlement is effected by 6 o'clock this afternoon, according to unionists.

The members of the union, who are being urged by the members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Clerks, at Lynn last night.

Attempts on the part of the state board of conciliation and arbitration to have the members of the union postpone strike action until after the holiday were rejected.

George Elsworth, president of the organization, and International Vice President J. L. Johnson, stated that a conference was held yesterday between members of the state board and Melvin O. Adams, president of the road. Mr. Adams, it was understood, consented to meet the men at a conference on Thursday.

The members of the committee said that actually the same proposal of delaying the strike was made, and an ultimatum to take effect June 17, and that upon promise of an adjustment, they postponed action until after the holiday.

No adjustment has been made. The demands now are for the promotion of boat baggagemasters to deck positions, if they request it before outside men are hired in these places, that no employees shall be transferred if they do not wish to be or removed except for proper cause.

Among those who will respond to a strike order will be the baggagemen, ticket agents, deck crews of ferry boats, wharf men and crossing tenders.

BERLIN PAPERS COMMENT ON LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH—SAY ENGLAND NEEDS PEACE

LONDON, July 3.—Commenting on Premier Lloyd George's Glasgow address Friday in which he said that the end of the war without the allied aims won and guaranteed, would be the greatest disaster, the Rheinische Volkszeitung says, according to an Amsterdam despatch, that although it contains nothing new, it is another indication that England needs peace.

"Our U-boats will give Lloyd George the best answer" continues the paper. "They stick fast in England's throat and no boasting or statistics will get rid of this fact."

The Koelnische Volkszeitung says the British premier knows Germany is ready for peace and therefore the responsibility for the prolonging of the war rests with England. Her desire for annihilation is undiminished, the paper says.

VICE ADMIRAL SIMS SENDS CUP FROM EUROPE TO SEAMEN AT NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 3.—Men at the training station felt highly honored yesterday by the receipt of a silver cup mounted on black walnut sent from Europe by Vice Admiral William S. Sims to be put up for a trophy.

The apprentice seamen were especially pleased because they take it as additional evidence of the admiral's deep interest in the enlisted personnel of the training station.

The trophy is a silver cup presented by Vice Admiral William S. Sims, U.S. Navy, 1917. Lieut. Commander Frank H. Sadler, will probably designate the cup for a trophy. Mrs. Sims, saying the admiral left it for the officers in command here to decide to what use it should be put.

CONVICTS WORK ON HIGHWAYS  
PROVIDENCE, July 3.—Work on the highways of this state by convict labor, the first in recent years, if not the first in the history of the state, will be begun on the Mendon road in Cumberland today. It will be an experiment by which the future use of this kind of labor on state highways will be determined.

Owing to the high cost of labor, all new road work is stopped at present.

JOURNEYMEN BARBERS  
A well attended meeting of the Journeymen Barbers was held last evening in Middle street. Twenty applications for membership were received and 10 new members were initiated. It was voted to send to evaluate the work of the city a list of union barber shops. Other routine meetings were held the following last evening. System Federation of the B. & M. Teamsters, Lathers and Loomfixers.

Past Five Years Had Indigestion

W. H. Lester, 57 Tyler St., Lowell, Says "Plant Juice Sure Did the Work."

Plant Juice is one of the greatest vegetable preparations known. It is a mild, rapid, corrective for all derangements of the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood.

Stomach disorder is the heritage of the American people, and is the cause of the symptoms so prevalent in all of the larger cities. The office man, who leads a sedentary life, is constipated; the housewife has headaches, backache, is blue, nervous and discouraged; the husband is full of rheumatism and pains; his food ferments, causing gas, which in turn, presses upon the heart and causes palpitation. Few people take the pains to go to the seat of the trouble—the stomach—but treat the symptoms only.

Since Plant Juice has been introduced in Lowell scores of local people have testified to benefits received.

Mr. W. H. Lester, who resides at No. 57 Tyler street, and is employed in one of the largest woolen mills in Lowell, and has a wide acquaintance in this city, recently gave the following:

"For the past five years I have been troubled with indigestion. I could not retain the lightest kind of food in my stomach; I could not eat any meat or vegetables. I suffered such distress and had dizzy spells, headaches, and never could eat any breakfast; I could not sleep at night, and seemed to get weaker every day. I had taken many different kinds of medicine, but nothing did me any good until I started taking your Plant Juice."

I now feel better and stronger in every way, sleep well at night and relish all of my food; I am no longer constipated and have no more dizzy spells. Plant Juice has done the work in my case, where all other medicines failed."

The Plant Juice Man is at Dows, the Drugist's, in Merrimack Square, Lowell, where he is daily meeting the local public, and introducing and explaining the merits of this remedy.

Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces  
900 DROPS  
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.  
A Vegetable Preparation that assimilates the Food by Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of  
INFANTS & CHILDREN  
Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.  
Recipe of DR. J. C. WATSON  
Pamphlet sent  
At All Druggists  
Beware of cheap imitations  
The Genuine Remedy for  
Constipation and Diarrhoea  
and Feverishness and  
LOSS OF SLEEP  
resulting therefrom in Infancy.  
See Similar Signature of  
J. C. Watson  
THE GENUINE COMPANY  
NEW YORK.  
At 60 Cents a Bottle  
35 Doses—35 Cents  
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA  
For Infants and Children.  
Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always  
Bears the  
Signature  
of  
J. C. Watson  
In Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
CASTORIA

Store Open Tonight  
YOUR "STRAW"  
For the Fourth  
Sennit Sailors, smart  
blocks, extra good braids,  
\$1.00  
Every other good style  
and braid in Straw Hats,  
\$1.50 to \$3.00

Handsome Shirts—  
—as good as we ever sold  
for these prices—  
The materials are madras in several qualities, mercerized cotton fabrics with the softness and lustre of silk, pebble cloths with woven silk and satin stripes, Russian cords, Japanese crepes with stripes or in solid colors, fibre silk, Japanese silk and pure silk in charming striped effects.  
Madras and Japanese  
Cape Shirts .....\$1.00  
Fine Mercerized Fabrics with the Lustre of Silk Shirts .....\$1.50  
Fibre Silk and Japanese Silk Shirts in beautiful stripes and plain colors, \$3.00  
PUTNAM & SON CO.  
166 Central Street.

Ice Cream Freezers  
Make your own ICE CREAM.  
Have it when you want it, made the way you like it best. Quick freezing and economical.  
\$1.50 Up  
Adams Hardware  
AND PAINT CO.  
Middlesex St. Near Depot



## AUTOMOBILES

**AUTOMOBILES**  
PLeASURE CARS and trucks for sale; cash or instalments. Closed cars for sale. Auburn Motor Car Co., Tolson bldg.

**BAKERS**  
DIET HEALTHY BREAD—For dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Wholesome. Johnston's Bakery, 131 Germain st.

**BIRD STORE**  
NEW BIRD STORE, aquarium supplies. Canaries boarded in vacation season. Gordon, Taxidermist, 97 Paige st.

**BOOTS AND SHOES**  
REMOVAL SALE—Biggest shoe bargains in Lowell. Entire stock of men's, women's and children's boots and shoes. See John Press, formerly

**CHINESE RESTAURANT**  
CHIN LEE CO.—Chop suey, American food. 11 a. m. to 1 a. m., 55 Merrimack st., now at new store, 600 Middlesex st.

**CLAIRVOYANT**  
MADAM ADELLA, clairvoyant and card reader, 43 Branch st.

**CONTRACTORS—BUILDERS**  
CONTRACTOR and builder, Arthur F. Rabecour, residence 984 Bridge st. Res. phone 5042-M; shop 1375.

**CHIMNEY EXPERTS**  
LIMBURG CO.—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel.

**DRESSMAKING**  
DRESS AND SUIT MAKING; latest styles; satisfaction assured. Mrs. A. E. Scragg—12 Chalfont bldg.

**DENTIST**  
D. E. MARR, D.M.D., 508 Sun bldg. Hrs. 9 to 12; 1 to 5. Mon. Fri. Sat. evs. Tel. 5639

**DRESS PLAITING**  
F. B. KIRSCHNEK, 226 Morrismack st., Lowell Mass. Dress plaiting and buttons. Established 1887.

**ELECTRIC SHOP**  
GLORIA INVENTED GAS LIGHTS \$1.15. Regular price, \$1.75. Electric Shop, 62 Central st., 261 Duxton st. Tel. 1317-W.

**FURNITURE**  
HOUSEHOLD GOODS, stoves, beds, mattresses, rugs. New goods. Cash or credit. Fitch, 160 Middlesex st.

**FLORIST**  
COLLINS, THE FLORIST—Flowers for weddings, receptions, parties, etc. 17 Gorham st. Tel. 370.

**KENNY, FLORESTA**—Flowers, floral arrangements, stationery, for funerals, designs, decorations, etc. 31 Middle St. Tel. 6328.

---

**GROCERIES**

**ITALIAN GROCERIES**—Importers of olive oil, macaroni and cooked spaghetti, also candy and fruit. Joe and

**HATS REBLOCKED**

HAT BLEACHERY - Ladies and gentlemen's Panama and straw hats cleaned or dyed and reblocked into latest styles. E. H. Severy, Inc., 13 Middle St.

**THIS IS THE DAY** of the bleacher Panama hat. DeJorimo, the Palace Sun building.

**JUSTICE OF THE PEACE**

JOHN A. OSGOOD, Merrimack, co. Shufelt st. Appointments can be made by telephone. Tel. 3723.

**ORIENTAL RUGS**

REPAIRED, cleaned; washed, straightened, stored, bought, sold, or changed. Lowell is known as the RUGS, 20 YEARS.

PIANO TUNERS

J. KERSHAW, piano and organ tuner and repaired, 69 Humphrey St. Tel. 974-M.

RAZORS MADE TO ORDER

BROKEN RAZORS re-ground, honing and concealing a special. Gonzales, 128 Gorham St. Phone-134

RESTAURANT

CHAMBERS RESTAURANT is the place where you can get the best everything in cooking that will please. Everything is neat and clean and the service is the best. No waiters for orders. If you have never dined here you have missed the best restaurant in the city. Remember the place, 333 Middlesex st. Chambers Restaurant, near depot.

**ROOFERS**  
ROOFERS—J. Burns & Son, sl  
roofer. Roofs repaired. Tel. 28  
168 Concord st. Tel. 1450-J. 200 Plea  
ant street.

**SHOE REPAIRING**  
COUGHLIN'S shoes repairing esta  
lishment. 10 Prescott st. Always  
best work.

**LOST AND FOUND**  
STUDENT'S LEATHER BAG c  
taining boy's bathing suit and tow  
let; it in Leicester, Sat. Sund  
5 o'clock. Finder return to Sun  
dace and receive reward.

to BOOK containing B. & M. South

division pass and other cards, I  
 Reward at \$22.50. Rental of  
 ENVELOPE containing small sum  
 money lost on East Merrimack st.  
 ward if returned to Barry Shoo  
 office Stackpole st.  
 REWARD OF KEYS lost betw  
 Hiram Street and Cambridge  
 French sts. Reward for return  
 165 Middlesex st. Mr. Riley. lost  
 SMALL BLUE POCKETBOOK c  
 containing sum of money lost  
 tween L. st. and Merrimack sq.  
 ward at 12 L. st.  
 LADY'S GRAY COAT found on Al  
 Avenue. Owner can have it prov  
 property and paying for this ad.  
 Market st.

bird st. Tel. 3421-M.

**STOVE REPAIRING**—We do kinds of stove repairing, large and small. Estimates attended. T. F. Daly, 213 Dutton st.

**PIANO AND FURNITURE MOVING**—J. J. Feeney, 16 Kinsman st. 5475-W.

**SALVARSAN "606"**

Given at Dr. Dugdale's Lowell office for BLOOD POISON, LACERATIONS, ATAXIA and NERVOUS DISEASES. Best results made. Also treats diseases of the nose, throat, stomach, kidneys and bowels.

**PHLEGMATISM**, neuritis, neuralgia, rheumatism, ELIAS, ARTERITIS, gout, catarrh and CANCERS, TUMORS, chronic blood nervous diseases of men and women, rheumatoid, varicose, streptococci, fistula, fissures, ulcers and prostatic diseases WITHOUT THE KNIFE. Treatments by methods of treating CHARLES REASONABLE, Lowell, 97 Central street. Hours: Monday and Tuesday, 10-12, 4-6. Consultation Examination Advice FREE.



## RED TRIANGLE CAMPAIGN

Closed Last Night With a  
Total of Over \$49,000—  
Work Will Go On

Reports Made at Y. M. C.  
A. Hall—Big Automobile  
Parade

Contrary to expectations, the sum of \$50,000 to be raised by the Red Triangle campaign, which came to a close last night, was not subscribed, the total contributions and pledges lacking almost \$1000 of that amount, but with the reports of two of the business teams to be heard from, delayed contributions to be received and a recommitment of the figures, it is expected that the \$50,000 goal will be reached. At any rate, the campaign is to continue until that amount is received for the people of this city and surrounding towns responded so liberally to the call that there is no doubt but that the full amount will soon be in hand and then Lowell will have paid for five complete units.

Last night's meeting at the Y.M.C.A. building proved to be a very enthusiastic one. It was a business meeting in every sense of the word for the majority of those present stripped right down to their shirt sleeves and, after a hearty supper, listened to reports of the various committees and speeches from several prominent men.

The reports of the different teams were received with great cheers. Team two of the business section carried off the banner, its members turning in \$1213, while Team one secured a trifling behind with a total of \$1128.61. Teams five and two won first and second honors, respectively, in the residential class, Team five having collected \$870.74 while Team two added \$330.53 to the fund.

The announcement that the boys of the Y.M.C.A. had collected \$243 from Saturday morning until Monday night was met with cheers. The youngsters proved to be live hustlers and made a successful house to house canvass. They took any amount that was given them, it mattered not whether it was large or small. Donald Alexander collected \$18.12, while Samuel H. Carter was a close second, having collected \$16.80. Forty-eight boys made up the collecting force for the juveniles.

During the course of the evening, Dr. D. E. Yarnell, who has taken the most of his work as secretary of the Y.M.C.A., received a splendid tribute from President S. H. Thompson of the association and the board of directors. He was also the recipient of purses of gold from the boards of directors and trustees of the Y.M.C.A.

During the early part of the evening, while the supper was going on, at the conclusion of the meeting and along the route of parade which came after the business meeting, music was discoursed by the Middlesex County Training School band.

The parade of automobiles came as a fitting climax to a most successful campaign. Shortly after 8 o'clock the members of the various committees entered automobiles and with an abundance of red fire and headed by Mayor James E. O'Donnell and Otto Beckmeyer, chairman of the general committee, paraded through Merrimack street, to Central, to Middlesex street, to the railroad station and then returned over the same route. The training school band accompanying the large automobile truck of the C. F. Hatch Co. played lively music all along the line.

### Committees Congratulated

After the reports had been submitted, Chairman Beckmeyer addressed the members of the various committees, congratulating them on their excellent work, and spoke about the continuation of the work of the Red Cross and the Red Triangle. He spoke in part as follows:

"You will please remember that we intend to keep this work under way until our boys come back," he declared, "and we have arranged, through the kindness of Mr. Liggett, to occupy indefinitely the quarters which have been used the past few weeks, and which we have found so admirably suited to our purpose. The work is only beginning. Let me call your attention to the value of Y.M.C.A. institutions on foreign shores by reference to the welcome extended to our troops the moment they landed in France. The Y.M.C.A. had preceded them and was prepared to make them comfortable in many ways; and many a letter on its way across the ocean, addressed at this moment may be attributed directly to Y.M.C.A. work."

Our efforts are to continue until the boys are back on shore. Our quarters will be a recruiting agency, a Red Cross and Red Triangle centre, and will be available for a wide variety of work in connection with war aid. It will also be a bureau of information, for as we are able to make it, with respect to the things the public may want to know concerning the war and its effects."

Mr. Beckmeyer also paid a tribute to "the two fathers" of the Y.M.C.A., Dr. C. H. Carter, D. D., both of whom were present.

**Praise for Dr. Yarnell**  
President S. H. Thompson of the Y.M.C.A. was then introduced and he said he was about to bid an official goodbye to Dr. Yarnell, the retiring secretary.

He went back to the time eight years ago, when Dr. Yarnell came to Lowell and established himself in the old building in Hurd street. It was an ambition of the doctor to help build a new structure, worthy of the city, and with that ambition dominating him, he energized the movement

## IN UNITY. JULY 4, 1917.

### The unanimous Declaration of the Allied Free Peoples of the World.

When in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for the enlightened people of the World to displace the bonds which have enshrouded the liberty of Mankind and to replace the high and democratic station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to this action. We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness. That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People of the World to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect the Safety and Happiness and to insure the liberty in Democracy, of all the Peoples of the World. Audacious, indeed, will be the dicta that Government should not be changed for light and transient causes, and accordingly all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces the design to reduce the World under absolute Despotism, it is the right of all Free People, it is their duty, to throw off such despotic Governments and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of the Democracies of the World, and such is now the necessity which compels them to unite in abolishing autocratic Governments. The history of the present Government of Germany, and its allied atrocities, is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute Tyranny over the World. In every stage of these oppressions and usurpations, as long as human forbearance could find a pretence, we have sought redress and appeal most patiently. Our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Government whose character is marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be accepted among the Governments of Free Peoples. Nor have we been wanting in attention to our German brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their Government to extend an unwarlike jurisdiction over the World's Free People. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our injuries at the hands of their Government. We have appealed to their spirit of justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them by the ties of human brotherhood to disavow these usurpations. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of humanity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which compels our action, and hold them as we hold their Government, enemies in war, but friends in the Peace of Liberty which must follow.

We, therefore, the Representatives of the United Free Peoples of the World, in common cause assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the World for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name, and by the authority, of the Good People of these Free Nations, solemnly publish and declare, That all Peoples of the World are, and of right ought to be Free and Independent; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the autocratic Governments where they may be; and that all Governments that do not derive their power from the consent of the governed are right ought to be dissolved and must be dissolved, to the end that Liberty may be the lot of all People everywhere and freedom the common state of Man. And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our Lives, our Fortunes, and our sacred Honor. Done by order and in behalf of the World's Democracies.

and saw his hope realized in time. To his untiring efforts, President Thompson attributed much of the success of the work which culminated in a harvest of \$176,000 and a substantial and fitting structure for Y.M.C.A. activities. Dr. Yarnell called attention to the adequate recognition of services rendered, but as a slight token of the respect and esteem in which Dr. Yarnell is held here in Lowell.

### Dr. Yarnell Responds

There were cheers and Dr. Yarnell, though surprised, made a fitting response. He referred to his administration of Y.M.C.A. affairs in Lowell and said that any success achieved had been through co-operation of Lowell men; and in the present campaign, he asserted, one man had been the main-spring, with others loyally supporting. Dr. Yarnell called attention to the significance of the campaign here as bearing on future work. He believed that Lowell people had come to appreciate more fully the meaning of the Y.M.C.A. to the young men, not only in war, but in peace, throughout the world, and he expressed the opinion that the spirit of giving created by the present campaign will continue and spread, assuring the extension of the work and more abundant results everywhere. He referred especially to the interest manifested in the industrial centers alike by operatives and by employers, and this he believed indicated a condition which bodes broad results in the years to come.

### Report of Teams

The following are tables of different amounts of money turned in by the various teams at last night's meeting, also the grand total contributed and pledged up to date:

1	.....	790.40
2	.....	157.00
3	.....	174.55
4	.....	354.25
5	.....	1128.61
6	.....	361.65
7	.....	235.65
8	.....	28.75
9	.....	27.00
10	.....	27.00
Total	.....	\$1898.02

Residence Teams	.....	\$505.00
1	.....	830.63
2	.....	354.25
3	.....	151.92
4	.....	174.55
5	.....	159.31
6	.....	28.75
7	.....	31.25
8	.....	458.63
9	.....	100.00
Not Classified	.....	100.00
Total	.....	\$3935.54

Evening total, \$8853.56	.....	
Former collections, \$10,118.05	.....	
Grand total, \$49,002.61	.....	

Prominent Subscriptions	.....	\$500.00
Paul Butler	.....	446.50
Employes Merrimack Mfg. Co.	.....	361.65
Boot mill employes	.....	100.00
U. S. Cartridge Co. employes	.....	232.00
First Unitarian church	.....	200.00
C. I. Hood	.....	200.00
Harry P. Knapp	.....	200.00
Lowell Bleachery employes	.....	187.55
Massachusetts Cotton Mills employes	.....	133.60
Mrs. F. M. Hill	.....	100.00
Edward E. Sawyer	.....	100.00
Austin E. Chadwick	.....	100.00
Massachusetts Mohair Co.	.....	100.00
J. B. Conant & Co.	.....	100.00
Friend	.....	100.00
G. W. Governor	.....	100.00
Mr. and Mrs. Theodore E. Parker	.....	100.00
John P. Sawyer	.....	100.00
Gen. Adelbert Ames	.....	100.00
Sirs. Otto Beckmeyer	.....	100.00
Lowell Electric Light Corp.	.....	100.00
Caroline A. Richardson	.....	100.00
Emma K. Skott	.....	75.00
F. W. Thomas	.....	75.00
Y.M.C.A. members	.....	75.00
Mary E. Brown	.....	75.00
Employes Appleton Co.	.....	60.65
Employes A. G. Pollard Co.	.....	62.55
Edward N. Burke	.....	50.00
Mrs. Thomas Nesmith	.....	50.00
W. F. Mills	.....	10.00

N. A. Davis ..... 50.00  
Victor Beckmeyer ..... 50.00  
Ethel Beckmeyer ..... 50.00  
Mrs. Olive Beckmeyer ..... 50.00  
Sunny Coddage ..... 50.00  
Frederick ..... 50.00  
Joseph Barber ..... 50.00  
Bigelow Hartford employes ..... 50.00  
R. P. Perich ..... 50.00  
V. H. How ..... 50.00  
Fred Lacey ..... 50.00  
Mrs. Kate Martin ..... 50.00  
U. S. Mailing Case Co. .... 50.00

**Permanent Headquarters**  
The store formerly occupied by the Riker-Jaynes Co. at 119 Merrimack street will be retained as headquarters for war agencies and the Red Cross, Red Triangle and other co-operative agencies will maintain headquarters there indefinitely. This location has been generously offered by the Liggett Co., holders of the lease on the property.

This store will be the meeting place for food conservation and other committees engaged locally. Mr. Stockmeyer and his assistants intend to establish a bureau embracing all possible local efforts in connection with the effective prosecution of war.

**Women's Auxiliary**  
The Y.M.C.A. Women's auxiliary at a special meeting yesterday afternoon voted to approve the recommendation of the executive board that \$100 be given to the Red Triangle campaign from the reserve fund of the auxiliary. A report from the lawn fete recently held on the Highland club grounds showed that the net receipts were over \$50.

**Red Triangle Car**  
One of the Y.M.C.A. Red Triangle service cars which has been in active service stopped in this city last night and took part in the Red Triangle parade through the principal streets of the city. It is on its way to the engineers' encampment at Rockingham park. The car was driven by Charles B. Keener, Jr., of the headquarters of the state executive committee, at Boston. Mr. Keener has just finished a tour of the state during which he distributed writing paper and loaned books, magazines, pamphlets, games,

## RECRUITING NOT VERY BRISK TODAY

Recruiting as a whole in Lowell today was not especially brisk, due no doubt to the fact that there is generally a lethargy in the military field just before a holiday. The regular army officials reported the following men shipped recently to Ft. Slocum, N. Y.: William J. Dolan, 70 French street; J. H. Slade, 335 East Merrimack street; Alfred J. Berton, 199 Moody street. A telegram was received at the local station today stating that no more applicants would be received for artillery service as this branch is now filled.

At the Westford street armory Sergeant McDermott is still on the lookout for some likely looking recruits for Co. M. His unit is still short 10 or 12 men. The doctor will be on hand Thursday evening.

At the naval station the following enlistments were received yesterday: John J. Corcoran, 90 Crosby street and Eugene A. Donnelly, Lawrence. A total of 3431 men have joined the navy throughout the country as a whole during the week ending June 21. During the month of June the Lowell station sent out an even hundred men. Last week 15 men were accepted.

Last night at the Westford street armory the French-American branch of the State guard held a drill under the direction of Capt. Bergeron. Thursday night the Military Training school unit of the State guard will be on hand.

Everybody who has read The Sun's Sunday Supplement published on Saturday, has words of praise for it.

## K. OF C. WARFUND CAMPAIGN

Final Results Will be Announced at Meeting to be Held This Evening

Voluntary Nature of the Campaign Was the Outstanding Feature

Tonight will be a gala night in Knights of Columbus circles for then will be announced the complete results of the week's campaign which the local council has been conducting for the benefit of the thousands of men and boys who are soon to be assembled in the concentration camps in Ayer and elsewhere. The week has been one of strenuous activity not only for the workers immediately connected with the campaign, but also for the entire personnel of the members of the Lowell council. But in the end the desired results have been obtained, and the quota which the Lowell Knights placed before them as a desideratum at the outset of the campaign will have been greatly over-subscribed when the final reports are rendered this evening.

Tonight's activities will open at 8 o'clock, and it is the earnest wish of the committee in charge of the campaign that every member of the order should be in attendance to lend his efforts to the general celebration which is to take place. It will be the night before the Fourth, and there can be no better way of celebrating the approach of the great holiday than to join in the rejoicing of the successful outcome of a great work such as will take place this evening. The club rooms will be wide open, refreshments will be served, and a number of prominent speakers will be present to congratulate the members of the order on their efforts. Secretary Philip J. Green will make a report, and any members who for any reason have not been able to give their contributions may give them to Mr. Green the early part of the evening. A number of surprises in the matter of large checks are said to be ready to "break" this evening, and the results from the contribution boxes which were collected this morning will be made known. The only thing that remains to make the occasion one which will be an eye opener to the people of Lowell is the presence of the entire personnel of the membership of the Lowell council, Knights of Columbus.

### Congressman Rogers

Last night was productive of several surprises at the campaign headquarters. Probably the most pleasant was the receipt of a telegram from Congressman John Jacob Rogers announcing a large contribution. Mr. Rogers has contributed generously to all campaigns which have been undertaken in Lowell, and his latest gift is but an additional example of his generosity. The receipt of this telegram was the signal for congratulations for the campaign committee. Large checks continue to come in with every mail, and although last night was the official closing time for the campaign, the committee will accept the offerings of contributors as soon as possible. Last night an approximate report was sent, and the amount named as being collected in Lowell in the course of the campaign was between \$4000 and \$5000. The final statement is expected to place Lowell's share at or beyond the \$5000 mark. If the other cities of the country do as well as Lowell, the \$2,000,000 fund which the country as a whole was expected to give will be greatly over-subscribed. Lowell was never notorious for its stinginess, and surely this last campaign will not add to her reputation in that direction.

### Spirit of Co-operation

It was felt at the onset of the campaign that the people of this city as a whole that the presence of the Red Triangle workers in the field the same time as the Knights of Columbus campaigners would cause rivalry of such a kind that ill-feeling might develop. But, as a matter of fact, it had just the opposite effect. The publicity which each group succeeded in obtaining and the enthusiasm which was aroused acted as a help for both camps, and each derived an equal amount of results from the efforts of the other. As an example of these facts, the presence of the O.M.U. Cadets on the scene.

### LOWELL BOY MEETS WITH QUICK PROMOTION—MADE CORPORAL IN HIS FIRST YEAR

Leo E. Dion, son of Mr. and Mrs. Al-bany Dion of 171 Cushing street, arrived in Lowell last night on a three day furlough from Fort Constitution. Mr. H. Dion is a member of the Third Co. Coast Artillery corps, and last night brought home the news that he had recently been appointed corporal in his company. Corp. Dion enlisted in the service only a little over a year ago, June 23, 1916, and his advancement was unusual in that it came within a year after his enlistment. Next month the Lowell boy will take the final examination for sergeant and also for first class gunner, and he is confident of success in both these undertakings. He reports the best of treatment from the officials of his company and also from the people living near the fort. The food has been exceptionally good. His only regret is that there are not more Lowell boys there to keep him company.

### STORE OPEN TONIGHT

Closed all day tomorrow, the 4th. Visit here tonight and take advantage of the special offerings for the 4th. Merrimack Clothing Company, across from City Hall.



ASK COUNCIL TO MODIFY  
JITNEY ORDINANCE

A petition signed by about 1000 residents of this city, asking that the recently obtained jitney ordinance be modified, was read at a regular meeting of the municipal council this morning and referred to the mayor. The petition does not state what modifications are being sought. In the course of the meeting Engineer Sprague made a statement in behalf of Commissioner Morse as to the work performed by the street department during the year.

The meeting was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by Mayor O'Donnell with all members present. A hearing on the petition of Joseph F. Fay for permission to move a building in Tenth street was held. There were no remonstrants present but Commissioner Morse stated that a number of people were opposed and at his suggestion the matter was left on the table. Hearings on the following petitions were held and there being no remonstrants the petitions were referred. Harry Schultz, garage at 167 Grand street; Armour & Co., garage and gasoline at 2 Thorne street; Stephen Roschette, garage and gasoline at the corner of Moody and Tilden and Colburn streets; Riva Dennison, garage at 44 Wilbur street; Victor C. Solis, garage at 175 Cross street; Royal K. Dexter, garage and street.

Continued to page three

WAR TAX BILL  
COMPLETED

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The war tax bill, re-drafted and reduced to \$1,570,170,000 by the senate finance committee as against the \$1,580,000,000 of the house, was completed today. Chairman Simmons of the committee planned to present the measure to the senate today for consideration which will begin after the food control prohibition measure is discussed.

After formal presentation of the revised bill, Chairman Simmons will later file a report detailing the committee's work of six weeks by which it is believed the tax has been greatly improved without materially decreasing the house revenue yield.

No additional bonds will be authorized under the bill as a deficit, it is believed, can be taken care of by Congress in simple time at next December's session.

Reduction of income taxation to single persons with incomes under \$1000 annually and married persons at \$2000 and over with incomes under \$5000, subject to a new "normal" rate of 2 per cent were house provisions unchanged. The committee reduced house rates on incomes over \$40,000, decreasing the revenue rate by \$100,000,000.

After many changes the final committee draft contains the proposed tax of 5 per cent upon profits of publishers in excess of \$1000 estimated to raise \$7,500,000 and adds an increase to one-quarter of a cent a percentage and class postage rates, estimated to yield to \$3,000,000. Strenuous efforts are expected in the senate for amendment of the imposts upon publishers.

With most committee members reserving the right to offer amendments and with the senate planning other amendments, debate in the senate is expected to last several weeks.

Sen. Lodge Praises Bill  
Senator Lodge, republican, who freely criticizes the administration on many occasions, today made a statement in support of the bill and the work of the finance committee. He said:

"I have had some experience in framing fiscal legislation, and I desire to say that the bill is a masterpiece of compromise and compromise is a necessary part of any legislation. I cannot speak too highly of the work of the chairman of the committee. Senator Simmons deserves the highest praise, and I hope he will receive the cordial support of the senate."

Reported to Senate  
WASHINGTON, July 3.—Providing increases in taxes for war purposes of \$1,570,170,000 or about \$120,000,000 less than the house authorized the war tax bill as revised by the senate finance committee after six weeks' work was reported today to the senate by Chairman Simmons. It will be taken up after the food control measure is passed.

NO SUN TOMORROW  
Tomorrow being Independence day, all editions of The Sun will be suspended. Thursday's Sun will have all the news of the holiday.

The Sun has the largest home delivery of any paper in Lowell.

FARRELL & CONATON  
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND WATER FITTERS  
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

Chalfoux  
The American Flag

Should fly from every house-top in Lowell. Having bought a Liberty Bond and given to the Red Cross the next thing for you to do (if you have not already done so) is to buy a flag and float it in the breeze. You will thereby show your patriotism and prove that you are a friend of Uncle Sam.

You will find in our Third Floor Laundry Department some extra good values in flag sets consisting of a flag, pole, halyard and holder. A good assortment to choose from. The flags of the allies are in this collection. They are all reasonably priced. Buy your flag today.

EUGENE BRANCONNIER  
DIED SUDDENLY

Eugene P. Branconnier died suddenly this morning at his home, 111 Branch street, aged 58 years and 7 months. He leaves his wife, Josephine, a brother, George, of Canada, two sisters, Mrs. George Chaput of Hartford, Conn., and Alphonse Valierand of this city. Mr. Branconnier was totally blind the latter part of his life as the result of an accident in which he figured. In 1910 he was struck by a bobbin on which he was working in his trade as a wood worker, and this necessitated the removal of his right eye. In January, 1915, Mr. Branconnier was working on a ruffling lathe, and a shaving of the wood struck his left eye and soon after he became totally blind.

COMMISSION AUTHORIZES  
SIX CENT FARE

SPECIAL TO THE SUN  
STATION HOUSE, Boston, July 3.—The Public Service commission today issued an order authorizing the Bay State Street Railway Co. to put into effect for an experimental period of six months its proposed six-cent fare schedule, modified by the compromised agreement arranged last week by representatives of the company and of the cities and towns, which provides in effect that tickets which are sold at a rate of 5 cents a ticket. The parties to the conference differed as to the number of tickets which a patron must buy in order to obtain the reduced rate, the company insisting that 20 should be sold for one dollar while the representatives of the cities and towns insisted upon 10 for 50 cents and requested 5 for 25 cents. The commission holds, however, that an initial investment of one dollar in tickets is not unreasonable and permits the company to sell the tickets in blocks of 20. The commission order stipulates that the new schedule may be put into effect at any time after July 15 upon notice to the public of not less than three days.

Varnum Avenue Extension  
The Bay State Street Railway Co. has petitioned the public service commission, requesting that it be relieved for a period of at least one year from constructing the extension of its line on Varnum avenue to Totman street in Lowell. The company states in its petition that it has not been and is not capable of building the extension, but no reason for its incapability is given. The commission will assign the case for a public hearing on the matter.

HOYT.  
FRESH SALMON FOR JULY 4th  
To Arrive Monday P. M.  
The finest catch of the season.  
Orders delivered to all parts of the city. Order early.

W. J. HOARE  
465 LAWRENCE ST. TEL. 863

FOR 69 YEARS  
City Institution  
For Savings  
Never paid less than

4%  
Interest Begins July 14  
CENTRAL STREET

No  
Food  
Lecture  
THIS EVENING

Inasmuch as Ladies of Lowell are to undertake a state-wide movement in the work of conserving food until the nature of such work shall be known, the Evening Session at the Gas Appliance Store, No. 198 Merrimack street, will be postponed until further announcement.

The next lecture will be held on Friday afternoon next at 2.30. No lecture this Tuesday evening.

The management warmly welcomes the new movement and will gladly co-operate. It means work and then more work. The field is large. There is room for all. There is no limit to the opportunities.

WALTER E. GUYETTE, Auctioneer  
Office, 53 Central Street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 2415.

Public Auction of an Up-to-Date Delicatessen Store, Known as the Belvidere Pork Store, at 121 East Merrimack Street.  
On Friday, July 6th, at 1.30 P. M.

I have instructed the auctioneer to sell the entire contents of my running business, consisting in part as follows: One Hobart grinder, one horse-power, cost \$175 net six months ago; gas range with shield, filling and press machine, National cash register, pair Gold Seal scales, pair computing scales, counters, ice chest, cases, lot of wrapping paper, dish trays, stock of canned goods, sugar, etc., and numerous other articles that would tend to make up a modern pork business.

The above will be sold in one lot if desired, as a going business, or will be disposed of in separate lots. Store can be seen at any time before the sale by calling on the auctioneer. Terms: Cash. ROBERT STRINGER.

Lowell Morris Plan Co.  
18 SHATTUCK STREET  
Open Saturday 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.  
Mondays 9 to 5 and 7 to 9

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.  
29-31 Market Street.

East St. Louis, Ill., In Flames  
More Troops Called to Stop  
Reign of Terror--Many Dead

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 3.—Fires which were started by rioting in three negro quarters at noon were fanned by a high wind and spread rapidly, getting beyond control. Troops and police hurried to the scene.

Bridges Closed  
Further shooting was reported by the police today, but without details. Chief of Police Payne, hearing that a crowd of men from the Missouri side of the river were coming over, each to "get a nigger," appealed to Chief of Police Young of St. Louis, Mo., to close the bridges. These were closed last night, but were reopened again this morning.

A few fires burst forth anew today in wrecked buildings, keeping the firemen busy.

Militiamen Fire  
One group of negroes leaving the city was attacked by whites in a switch yard. Militiamen fired their rifles in the air and dispersed the whites. No attempt was made to keep the blacks from leaving the city.

Three companies of National Guardsmen preserved order during the afternoon, save for a few minor outbreaks.

Shops opened as usual, but there was little business.

To Call More Troops  
EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 3.—Although surface indications were that the orgy of butchery and incendiarism which cost many lives here last night and laid whole blocks in ruins had spent its force, Adj. Gen. Frank S. Dickson of Illinois asserted today that he feared there might be more trouble tonight and discussed with Mayor Molman the advisability of calling for more troops in addition to the 1500 guardsmen now on duty.

Dead May Reach 250  
Estimates of the number of dead varied from 20 to 250.

At 9:30 o'clock this morning, twenty-four bodies had been recovered, including three whites. Seventy-four wounded negroes were found.

Estimates of the bodies supposed to lie under the acres of ashes and smoldering debris where fires last night consumed scores of negro shacks and houses, run into the hundreds.

The city was quiet this morning. 500 Spent Night in Jail

Negroes driven from their homes headed here and there, seemingly anxious to keep out of sight. Five hundred of them, men, women and children, spent the night at the city jail. Two men were still asleep in one bath tub when the sun rose, and another was slumbering noisily, his chin on his chest, but otherwise bolt upright, on a garbage can.

Brutal Incident  
One brutal incident of the night was related today. On Fourth street near Broadway, three men saw a negro, apparently dead, lying in a gutter. One flashed a pocket light in his face and saw that he still breathed.

"Well, what do you know about that?" he exclaimed; "not dead yet!"

He and one of his companions then drew their pistols and fired a bullet into the negro's head.

Police today tried to prevent the taking of photographs of fire ruins and black bodies still lying in the streets.

"It's the chief's orders," said one bluccoat. "East St. Louis doesn't want that kind of advertising."

Shouts Against Mayor  
An incident of the night indicated the temper of the mob. One crowd went about the streets shouting against the mayor. "Let's get Molman!" they shouted. "He's the man that brought 'em in!"

The cry was raised because of a false rumor that Mayor Molman went south and advertised that negro labor would be well paid in East St. Louis. As a matter of fact the mayor visited New Orleans and conferred with railroad heads and others to discourage the negroes from coming.

Another of the innumerable brutal incidents of the night was the attack on a young negro. White men and women were among the assailants.

Attack Young Negroes  
"Let the women have her," was the cry among the men, and while women began tearing the garments from their victim. The negroes' cry "Please, please, I ain't doing nothing."

was stopped by a blow in the mouth with a club which a woman swung like a baseball bat. Another white woman seized the victim's hands and the blow was repeated. Fingers tore at her hair and her waist was stripped from her.

"Now let's see how fast she can run," suggested a bystander, as the negro broke loose. The women were loath to leave her alone, but after following her with their blows for a short distance, they stopped and she ran crying down the street.

The women next tried to get an aged negro who was guarded by three militiamen. One of them wrestled with the soldier for his rifle and others succeeded in getting in a few blows.

Three hundred and ten dwellings, mostly negro shacks valued at \$300,000, were destroyed by fire in the rioting last night, according to a statement made today by the fire chief.

Fire Homes—Shoot Victims  
Burning of negro homes began last night shortly before dark and the mob went from section to section setting fires. As the negroes ran from their

storage, mining and distribution of necessities. The committee amended and products in interstate or foreign commerce was adopted. The senate also adopted the provision exempting farmers, gardeners and livestock growers from the licensing provisions.

Despite the progress made, leaders believed it still would be necessary to use the clause in order to reach a vote this week.

Lines of division on prohibition were apparently holding fast with the prospect of a compromise, and a square fight and vote was forecast over the question of authorizing the president to suspend manufacture and sale of liquors, with both factions agreed upon prohibiting distilling.

Leaders said private polls indicate a large majority in favor of prohibiting distribution but against giving the president any power over the light beverages.

BERLIN EDITOR ATTACKS  
GERMAN GOVERNMENT

COPENHAGEN, July 3.—Theodor Wolff, writing in his paper, the Berliner Tageblatt, characterizes the German system of government as "a conservative bureaucratic regime, where parliament may only talk but has no voice in affairs and where decisions of war and peace are taken in secret without any co-operative representatives of the people."

The Reichstag franchise may be, as the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung lately asserted, the most liberal in the world but, says Herr Wolff, this franchise is in affairs and where decisions of war and peace are taken in secret without any co-operative representatives of the people.

Herr Wolff discusses the advisability of another program speech by the chancellor before the Reichstag this week and concludes that unless the chancellor is prepared to give a plain, open account of peace terms or announce the introduction of a parliamentary system he would better keep silent. These, the editor says, are the sole possibilities of furthering peace.

INSURANCE  
Of Every Description  
T. C. LEE & CO.  
52 CENTRAL ST.

Insure Good Health—Drink  
Poland Water  
For Sale by Local Dealers

THE VILLA NAPOLI  
15 Acres of Beautiful Grounds. NANTASKET BEACH, MASS.  
SIXTH REGULAR SEASON  
Special Fourth of July Celebration  
THE EXCLUSIVE RENDEZVOUS FOR MOTORISTS.  
UNEXCELLED IN SERVICE AND CUISINE.  
FAMOUS LOBSTER AND CHICKEN DINNERS.  
Cabaret Dansant

THE swish—swish—swish, of the water, in a THOR Electric Washing Machine is a pleasant sound on a summer morning, when you are busy with the daily paper, or skimming the pages of your favorite magazine.

The "THOR"  
Does All the Work  
while you wait by in cool comfort. No hard, back-breaking toil. You are cool and comfortable. None of the labor that washing by "hand-power" entails. Many women are effecting a great saving in laundry bills by doing their own washing with an Electric Washer. It never "disappoints" you. You don't have to wait on it and cook for it as you do with the faundress. Cost for electricity less than five cents for a week's washing.

Come in and pick out your machine today or telephone 821 and we will send one to your home on trial. Convenient payments.

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.  
29-31 Market Street.

NEW RUSSIAN SUCCESSES  
IN GREAT OFFENSIVE

The great offensive of the regenerated Russian army, initiated under the leadership of Minister of War Kerensky is person is being successfully pushed. Advice to the Russian government declare it is developing "in absolutely favorable manner."

The success of the initial thrust in the new drive by Gen. Brusiloff in Galicia was beyond question, costly as it probably was to the Russian personnel. The taking on July 1 of more than 10,000 prisoners by the attacking army in the comparatively narrow sector at Zlochoff.

Capture More Germans  
Beyond this, today's Russian official Continued to Page Three

BERLIN EDITOR SAYS  
AMERICA JUSTIFIED  
NO SCARCITY OF WATER  
IN THIS CITY

COPENHAGEN, July 3.—In the Vossische Zeitung, Georg Bernhard calls on the German government to explain to the Reichstag, if necessary in executive session of the budget committee, the course followed in America until the time of the rupture, and asks that it answer the allegations which are being made with increasing frequency and positiveness that the differences between the actual development of the German policy and what the American government had been led to expect were largely responsible for the victorious and indignant action of the American administration. Herr Bernhard contrasts recent semi-official intimations regarding the occurrence of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being asserted that President Wilson was completely surprised by the insurance of negotiations about American mediation with the manner in which the German people were given to understand repeatedly and emphatically that such mediation would be admissible. He declared that more and more it is being



TESTIMONIAL TO REV. THOMAS W. BUCKLEY

Rev. Thomas W. Buckley, formerly curate of St. Columba's church, this city, who was recently transferred to South Boston, was tendered a testimonial by his former parishioners and friends at the parish hall last evening. Though in Lowell but four years, Rev. Buckley's popularity extended outside the confines of the Parsonageville parish, and among those present last evening were many from other parts of the city.

Fr. Buckley came to Lowell on his first mission, and he worked untiringly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen



REV. THOMAS W. BUCKLEY

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

ly for everything of interest to the parish. He took charge of several of the big religious and garden parties and through his efficient management all proved great successes, financially and socially. He also gave unsparingly of his time and energy in promoting the various societies of the parish and Sunday school. He was a comfort to the sick and infirm, visiting them frequently, and whenever called to perform his priestly duties did so cheerfully and conscientiously.

Hence when the news of his removal came, genuine regret was expressed by all, and committees were appointed to arrange for a testimonial so that his friends might have an opportunity to express their feelings, and bid him good bye and extend their best wishes for his success.

Fr. Buckley was invited to come here yesterday, and in the afternoon he was called before the Sunday school children with whom he had labored for the past several years. He was loved by all the little ones, and they showed their esteem by presenting him two beautiful bouquets. The afternoon program opened with singing by the boys and girls' choir. Gertrude Kennedy then gave a pleasing solo. Helen

Rayen in behalf of the girls presented a bouquet, and then Gerald Cronin, as spokesman, for the boys, presented a bouquet. Fr. Buckley, though moved by the scene, found words to express his appreciation for the gifts.

In the evening the attendance taxed the capacity of the hall and among those present as guests were Rev. John A. Degan, former pastor of St. Columba's now stationed at Holy Trinity, Rev. Fr. McGinnis, Rev. Fr. McNeill, Fr. Buckley's successor, and Fr. Buckley's father, brother and four sisters of West Quilley.

The meeting was called to order by Michael J. Lynch, the chairman and an enthusiastic worker, not only for the testimonial but for everything in connection with the parish. He extended a cordial welcome to all, and told of the purpose of the gathering. He then called upon Miss Joyce to give a reading. The Quill family, namely, Percy, John, Stella and Edward, appeared in a very pleasing number. James Daly and James Callahan brought down the house with their wit and humor. Commensurate to the occasion, several of his numbers in his own inimitable manner. At this point Fr. Buckley was called to the front of the hall and Dr. McGinnis presented him a handsome bouquet and a solid gold pin. Fr. Buckley was temporarily unable to speak, but soon recovered his composure and expressed his gratitude for the gifts and the spirit shown by all. He said that he would never forget the happy days spent in Lowell and that he would always cherish the gifts from the people with whom he had enjoyed so many pleasant and happy days.

The affair closed with all singing "The Star Spangled Banner." The committee in charge of the affair was as follows: Michael J. Lynch, chairman; Charles McQuillan, secretary; Daniel Wholey, Miss Katherine Duggan, Miss Nellie Hildner, Miss Katherine Farrell, Miss Jennie Cogger, Miss Katherine O'Hearn, Mrs. Fred Hammond, Miss Catherine Whaley, Miss Geraldine Dundon, Mrs. John Regan and Mrs. John Brennan.

MATRIMONIAL

A pretty marriage took place this morning at St. Joseph's church, when Luc Hill and Miss Mary A. Gill were united in matrimony, the ceremony being performed at a nuptial mass celebrated at 8 o'clock by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O.M.I. The bride wore white crepe and carried a large bouquet of white and pink roses and a white veil caught up with lilacs of the valley, and she carried bride's roses and lilacs of the valley. The best man was Armand Lacharme, while the bride's maid was Miss Elizabeth Duggan. Miss Alice Gill. At the close of the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride in Merrimack street, and an extended honeymoon trip. Upon their return they will make their home in Manchester, N. H.

Boucher-Herbert  
Arthur Herbert and Miss Elise Boucher were married Sunday at St. Joseph's rectory by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O.M.I. Joseph D. Boucher and George Herbert acted as witnesses. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the couple, 45 Tremont street. Mr. and Mrs. Boucher left later on an extended wedding trip.

Morton-Grant  
Morton A. Grant of Portsmouth, N. H., and Miss Mabel C. Grant of this city were married June 30 by Rev. Dr. C. E. Fisher. The couple will make their home in Portsmouth.

Harvey-Lynn  
Edgar Harvey of Lynn and Miss Mary Ellen Lord of this city were married June 30 by Rev. A. C. Archibald. The bridesmaid was Miss Hazel Lord, an sister of the bride, while the best man was George Blauvelt of Lynn. The couple will make their home at 12 Duke street, Lynn.

CONCERT BY THE E. S. CARTRIDGE COMPANY'S BAND ON SOUTH COMMON TOMORROW

The program of the concert to be given by the Cartridge company's band on the South common tomorrow afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock will be as follows:  
March, Hall, Spirit of Liberty... Souza  
Overture, Post and Prentiss... Suppe  
Medley Overture 1917... Henck's  
Duet for cornets, selected.  
Songs of 1917 and 1918... Tolant  
Selection, Lucia de Lammermoor... Donnezetti  
Concert Waltz, Wedding of the Winds... Aall  
Selection, Popular Melodies... Berlin  
Selection, Songs of the Nation... Lampe  
March, National Emblem... Bagley  
Wm. Regan, Conductor.

K. OF C. WAR FUND Continued

streets and at the mills the latter part of the week. Thousands of people contributed to the boxes which the young soldiers were carrying for the Knights of Columbus fund and that the Red Triangle people got together the younger boys of the Y.M.C.A. on Monday with the result that they were on the streets yesterday, and added an appreciable amount to that fund. A person who had contributed to the Knights of Columbus fund would naturally give to the Red Triangle if he possessed any means at all, and the supreme council decided that both organizations intended to accomplish practically the same results in taking care of the welfare of our fighting men. So in this way both groups of workers helped each other by the exchange of ideas and methods for the conduct of the campaigns. Mr. Lockwood's contribution of \$500 to the fund of the Knights of Columbus campaign, and his expression of hopes for the success of the work is another illustration of the good feeling which existed between the workers.

Purpose of Campaign  
The purpose of the Knights of Columbus campaign was stated in the opening of the work, but it may be of interest to many of the contributors... and some who have not yet contributed... to have a resume of the aim of the whole effort. Last spring, when the war was officially declared and it was evident that a majority of the young men of the country should be called to the front, the supreme council of the Knights of Columbus decided that the welfare of the young soldiers while they were off actual duty should be looked after by an organization competent to discharge such duties as undertaking to secure for them the Red Cross would care for the men who were wounded or dying, and would see that the physical welfare of the fighters should be attended to. The Red Triangle workers would give the men an opportunity for recreation and religious instruction while at the front or in the concentration camps. The Knights of Columbus people decided that they should back up this latter movement to the limit by establishing recreation camps themselves and emphasizing the religious element in their work. To do this required vast sums of money, and the supreme council decided that the most efficient means of securing this was by voluntary contributions from the members of the order and their friends throughout the country. The machine of organization was set in motion, and it was decided to place the sum desired at a million dollars. The explanation given for the more modest sum was that the more the more work could be accomplished. The country as a whole has no doubt responded splendidly if the result in Lowell may be taken as a criterion.

An interesting feature in connection with the effect which the work will

have on Lowell boys was the remark made by one of the officials of the local council as the boys of the Sixth regiment companies passed through Lowell last Friday on their way to Framingham. The official said that he estimated that at least three-fourths of those men would be benefited by the work which the Knights of Columbus was undertaking. And then the men who will be chosen for the national army in September, and the impalpable Lowell boys who have joined the navy, the artillery, and the many other branches of the service will all receive the results of this week's campaign.

Wholly Voluntary  
The outstanding feature of the campaign, perhaps, was the wholly voluntary nature of it. There was not the least personal solicitation as far as the public was concerned, and the request for donations was made either through the press, or of the members of the order itself. Whatever a person gave, he gave without any personal solicitation of any sort, and the amount he gave was entirely up to himself. The object and aim of the campaign were set before the public at the outset of the campaign, and were reiterated at intervals. Boxes were stationed at prominent places throughout the city, headquarters opened for the receipt of cheques, and the rest

was left to the public. And the public certainly responded.

The climax of the whole affair will be this evening, however, and there is no reason why every member of the local council cannot be present at the conclusion of one of the greatest weeks in the history of the Knights of Columbus order.

OFF AGAIN, ON AGAIN, GONE AGAIN  
The flux must certainly be attached to the triple combination pumping engine at the central fire station, for once again it is out of commission and the chances are that it will be for several days as a result of backing up a post in Howe street last night. The body of the machine was pushed in and the pump was dismantled and put back in shape again.

The machine was in Revere street, with brakes applied, and when the driver released the brakes to start the machine it started down the street, and before the brakes could be re-applied the machine crashed into a post running off the rear side, side rails, pushing the body forward and back and making a general wreck out of the rear of the piece of apparatus.

FLUSHING THE STREETS  
The greater portion of the fire fighting force of the city was out for about three hours last evening wetting down the principal streets of the city in an attempt to assist in making conditions a little cooler. The members of engine companies 2, 3, 4 and 5 and Hose 5 started out about 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon and worked until midnight, wetting down East Merrimack, Merrimack and Bridge streets. While the wetting down work was in the course of process old Jupiter Pluvius got in his mischief and sent material assistance to the firemen.

CALL MORE TROOPS Continued

cottages rioters fired at them, and many fell back into the flames and it is believed that a number were burned to death. Not only white men but white women and girls composed the mobs which set upon the negroes and in several cases beat them to death with clubs. White women and girls attacked colored women on the streets and in the street cars, pulled their hair out, tore off their clothes and beat them with all sorts of weapons. The rioting last night was the culmination of a series of disturbances which began with the killing of a police officer and the wounding of three policemen and two civilians early Monday morning.

Military Rule Proclaimed  
Military rule was proclaimed at 5 o'clock last night and at the same time 300 white men were arrested and locked up at police headquarters.

Fast clouds of smoke rolled across downtown streets as light as air and now and then a yelling mob rushed down a street in pursuit of a negro or in search of new excitement. National Guardsmen loaded in automobile trucks dashed after the mob, the hundreds of negroes crowded most of their carrying bundles that held their most precious belongings and leading small children, fled across the bridge to shelter and safety with friends on the Missouri side.

Telephone wires were cut early in the evening. As telegraph and telephone poles caught fire other wires went down.

The mobs in East St. Louis were swelled by hundreds of persons who early in the evening crossed the river from St. Louis, Mo. This added such

to the situation that at 8:30 o'clock the bridges were closed.

Mobs Balked in Lynching  
The mobs got into a lynching mood last night. Enraged negroes were strung up on a pole, but were rescued just in time to save his life. Soldiers rescued another negro who was being dragged through the streets.

After military rule had been proclaimed the soldiers put more vigor into their attempts to quell the mob. Seventy-five white men attacked a negro in front of a drug store down town and shot him twice, attempted to drag him to a pole, beating him as they pulled him along. The troops charged with fixed bayonets and the mob scattered.

With this show of force the rioters partly quieted down. Troops stood guard at all corners and kept the crowds moving.

At 6:30 p. m. fire broke out in the district now known as the "Valley." This fire came particularly near to the big railroad yards of East St. Louis.

At a 6 o'clock it appeared as if the "Valley" district was doomed to destruction. This is the third large area to be burned. The property damage will reach many thousands.

200 Cottages and 100 Cars Burned  
The fires which were set by the mobs during the night in five different parts of the city where negroes lived besides burning nearly 200 negro cottages destroyed more than 100 loaded freight cars belonging to the Southern railway valued at half a million dollars.

The Broadway theatre, valued at more than \$100,000, also was burned. Although the fires burned for several hours they were brought under control before daylight. Eleven companies of the Illinois National Guard, numbering 1500 men, patrolled the streets today with orders to prevent any loitering at corners and any assembly of people on the streets. Adm. Gen. Dickson, who arrived late last night, said that troops would be so disposed throughout the city as to prevent repetition of last night's disorders. Gen. Dickson said that military rule had not been established and probably would not be.

Two Negroes Hanged  
Only one white man was killed in last night's rioting and he was shot by a negro sniper. Two negroes were hanged during the night by mobs and four were killed by snipers.

The work of searching the ruins for bodies began before daylight, and it was reported that eight bodies had been taken out.

Hundreds of negroes, many of them women carrying babies, crossed over into St. Louis, Mo., last night. At the same time thousands of curiously seekers from the Missouri side crossed the bridges into East St. Louis.

Hundreds of negroes employed in the big mills at Granite City left in East St. Louis. Some of the mills, deciding to save their men from attack, would not allow the negroes to leave for home at the usual hour.

600 Rioters Arrested  
Early today the guardsmen, under command of Adm. Gen. Dickson, rounded up more than 600 rioters and brought them to the city jail.



# NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT



SOCIETY GIRLS AS BARMAIDS SERVE HOTEL GUESTS FOR RED CROSS AID

Prominent society girls of the east and west donated the livery of waitresses, bellboys and barmaids at a recent Red Cross benefit in which San Francisco society women took over the management of the Fairmount hotel for one day.

In the picture above are three young women who aided in making

## FUNERAL NOTICES

**COUGHIN**—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Coughlin will take place Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 10 Grove street, at 10 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**COX**—The funeral of Mrs. Bridget Cox will take place Wednesday morning from her home, 10 Grove street, at 10 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**DOYLE**—Joseph H. Doyle, beloved infant son of Joseph H. and Jennie Doyle, died this morning at the home of his parents, 467 Merrimack street, aged 7 months, 12 days. The funeral will take place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock and the burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**FAIRBANKS**—Died in this city, at her home, 12 Branch street, Mrs. Dora A. Fairbanks, aged 56 years. Funeral services will be held from her home, 12 Branch street, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Simons & Brown.

**KAROLINIAN**—The funeral of Mrs. Surpookey Karolinian will take place Wednesday morning from the funeral parlors of Underlyers O'Connell & Sons, 553 Gorham street, at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Sons.

**LAUREN**—Died in this city, July 3, at the Lowell Corporation hospital, Miss Anna C. Lauren, aged 30 years, 11 months and 20 days. Funeral services will be held at the Swedish M. E. church, Moore street, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited to attend. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

**MURRINGHAM**—The funeral of Mary Edmond Murringham, beloved daughter of Patrick and Jeanette Morris Murringham, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 15 Wilson street, North Billerica. The bearers were Masters Charles and George Mahoney, Walter Kidder, Stanley Gonyea, Fred Sheridan and Alfred Mahoney. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**MCGARR**—The funeral of William McGarr took place this morning at 8 o'clock from the chapel of Mr. Thomas P. Bouloger, 100 North Billerica street, at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Michael's church by Rev. Francis Mullen. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Thomas P. Bouloger, sang the Gregorian chant. The bearers were David Frawley, Geo. Buckley, Samuel Todd and John Sullivan. At the grave Rev. P. Mullen read the committal prayers, and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**DEATHS**

**GREENEY**—James Greeley, aged 62 years, died Monday at the State hospital, Tewksbury. The body was taken to Amesbury for burial by Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

**DOYLE**—Joseph Henry Doyle, aged 7

**BROADWAYS VS. KIMBALLS**

The Broadway S. & A. club will meet the Kimball's in a championship game on the North common tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Both teams will present their strongest lineup and a great game is expected.

**WAR MINISTER KERENSKY LEADS RUSSIAN ARMY IN VICTORY. JOUS ADVANCE**

**PETROGRAD, July 3.**—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself at the head of the troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war

Buying a refrigerator is not an expense, but an investment. It saves food and keeps it wholesome and prevents sickness. The Eddy Refrigerators keep the food longer with less ice than others and are the best to buy.

**A. E. O'HEIR & CO.**  
Hurd Street.

**THE FISH CAR**  
Will Be At Its Usual Place  
COR. WESTERN AVE. and FLETCHER ST.  
Thursday Afternoon and Friday Morning  
**MACKEREL LOWER THAN EVER**  
See Thursday's Courier-Citizen for Prices and Assortment  
**Bay State Distributing Co.**

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made should have been started at the beginning of the year, this is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen so upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and peremptorily ordered him out of his office.

McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out but having a large district to cover, he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He may not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the school-commissioners of all who have preceded him at city hall otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent that the school houses be made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McDonald Saw  
Mr. McDonald, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained in a liquor store at midnight a few evenings ago. If such is the case, the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day. Mr. McDonald is a daily visitor in the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as he states to the newspaper that he saw, upon the day the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day.

Humane Society Was Hasty  
But for the hasty action on the part of the representatives of the Humane society, on Sunday, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Gloucester's field and was chased down Broadway to Suffolk street by a crowd of onlookers. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department. The deer, which had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill, Mr. O'Brien was on his way to church, but upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the barn while he proceeded to get into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and was very much more severely injured than

minister on the firing line accomplished what a cavalry unit swept forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles  
His men, attacking defenses that had been turned into crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konichy on the Zlota river, north of Berezan, in Galicia.

They took more than 5500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of the Russian strategy.

At the same time another heavy Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Berezan, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines were held for more than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Foreshadowed  
The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin reports the loss of Konichy and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive has been foreshadowed by an order of the army issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads:  
"Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and has begun on which depends the fate of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not let them down. We shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back  
PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Russian front, but failed to do any damage. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back and are now being abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY  
CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced today. The price of the best brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Villages Taken by Russians  
Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Little Stripa, southeast of Lemberg. Here the Russians have captured the important Tarnopol-Zloczoff-Krasne railway, 12 miles southeast of Zloczoff. Their main push appears to be in this direction. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

Berlin's official report admits the success of the Russian in extending northward the gap they opened in the Teutonic lines in their original assault from the front of the German line of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves halted this advance and Russian attacks elsewhere failed. It is claimed.

War Minister Kerensky Leads Russian Army in Victory. Jous Advance  
PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself at the head of the troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made should have been started at the beginning of the year, this is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen so upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and peremptorily ordered him out of his office.

McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out but having a large district to cover, he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He may not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the school-commissioners of all who have preceded him at city hall otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent that the school houses be made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McDonald Saw  
Mr. McDonald, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained in a liquor store at midnight a few evenings ago. If such is the case, the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day. Mr. McDonald is a daily visitor in the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as he states to the newspaper that he saw, upon the day the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day.

Humane Society Was Hasty  
But for the hasty action on the part of the representatives of the Humane society, on Sunday, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Gloucester's field and was chased down Broadway to Suffolk street by a crowd of onlookers. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department. The deer, which had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill, Mr. O'Brien was on his way to church, but upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the barn while he proceeded to get into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and was very much more severely injured than

minister on the firing line accomplished what a cavalry unit swept forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles  
His men, attacking defenses that had been turned into crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konichy on the Zlota river, north of Berezan, in Galicia.

They took more than 5500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of the Russian strategy.

At the same time another heavy Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Berezan, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines were held for more than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Foreshadowed  
The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin reports the loss of Konichy and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive has been foreshadowed by an order of the army issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads:  
"Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and has begun on which depends the fate of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not let them down. We shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back  
PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Russian front, but failed to do any damage. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back and are now being abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY  
CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced today. The price of the best brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Villages Taken by Russians  
Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Little Stripa, southeast of Lemberg. Here the Russians have captured the important Tarnopol-Zloczoff-Krasne railway, 12 miles southeast of Zloczoff. Their main push appears to be in this direction. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

Berlin's official report admits the success of the Russian in extending northward the gap they opened in the Teutonic lines in their original assault from the front of the German line of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves halted this advance and Russian attacks elsewhere failed. It is claimed.

War Minister Kerensky Leads Russian Army in Victory. Jous Advance  
PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself at the head of the troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made should have been started at the beginning of the year, this is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen so upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and peremptorily ordered him out of his office.

McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out but having a large district to cover, he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He may not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the school-commissioners of all who have preceded him at city hall otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent that the school houses be made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McDonald Saw  
Mr. McDonald, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained in a liquor store at midnight a few evenings ago. If such is the case, the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day. Mr. McDonald is a daily visitor in the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as he states to the newspaper that he saw, upon the day the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day.

Humane Society Was Hasty  
But for the hasty action on the part of the representatives of the Humane society, on Sunday, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Gloucester's field and was chased down Broadway to Suffolk street by a crowd of onlookers. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department. The deer, which had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill, Mr. O'Brien was on his way to church, but upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the barn while he proceeded to get into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and was very much more severely injured than

minister on the firing line accomplished what a cavalry unit swept forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles  
His men, attacking defenses that had been turned into crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konichy on the Zlota river, north of Berezan, in Galicia.

They took more than 5500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of the Russian strategy.

At the same time another heavy Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Berezan, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines were held for more than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Foreshadowed  
The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin reports the loss of Konichy and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive has been foreshadowed by an order of the army issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads:  
"Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and has begun on which depends the fate of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not let them down. We shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back  
PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Russian front, but failed to do any damage. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back and are now being abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY  
CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced today. The price of the best brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Villages Taken by Russians  
Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Little Stripa, southeast of Lemberg. Here the Russians have captured the important Tarnopol-Zloczoff-Krasne railway, 12 miles southeast of Zloczoff. Their main push appears to be in this direction. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

Berlin's official report admits the success of the Russian in extending northward the gap they opened in the Teutonic lines in their original assault from the front of the German line of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves halted this advance and Russian attacks elsewhere failed. It is claimed.

War Minister Kerensky Leads Russian Army in Victory. Jous Advance  
PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself at the head of the troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made should have been started at the beginning of the year, this is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen so upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and peremptorily ordered him out of his office.

McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out but having a large district to cover, he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He may not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the school-commissioners of all who have preceded him at city hall otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent that the school houses be made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McDonald Saw  
Mr. McDonald, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained in a liquor store at midnight a few evenings ago. If such is the case, the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day. Mr. McDonald is a daily visitor in the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as he states to the newspaper that he saw, upon the day the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day.

Humane Society Was Hasty  
But for the hasty action on the part of the representatives of the Humane society, on Sunday, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Gloucester's field and was chased down Broadway to Suffolk street by a crowd of onlookers. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department. The deer, which had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill, Mr. O'Brien was on his way to church, but upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the barn while he proceeded to get into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and was very much more severely injured than

minister on the firing line accomplished what a cavalry unit swept forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles  
His men, attacking defenses that had been turned into crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konichy on the Zlota river, north of Berezan, in Galicia.

They took more than 5500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of the Russian strategy.

At the same time another heavy Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Berezan, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines were held for more than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Foreshadowed  
The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin reports the loss of Konichy and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive has been foreshadowed by an order of the army issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads:  
"Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and has begun on which depends the fate of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not let them down. We shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back  
PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Russian front, but failed to do any damage. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back and are now being abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY  
CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced today. The price of the best brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Villages Taken by Russians  
Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Little Stripa, southeast of Lemberg. Here the Russians have captured the important Tarnopol-Zloczoff-Krasne railway, 12 miles southeast of Zloczoff. Their main push appears to be in this direction. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

Berlin's official report admits the success of the Russian in extending northward the gap they opened in the Teutonic lines in their original assault from the front of the German line of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves halted this advance and Russian attacks elsewhere failed. It is claimed.

War Minister Kerensky Leads Russian Army in Victory. Jous Advance  
PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself at the head of the troops gave the order to advance.

The spectacle of the popular war

With such a persistent gentleman on his heels as State Inspector McDonald armed with the law, to insist upon school house repairs being made should have been started at the beginning of the year, this is no time for newspapermen to bother Commissioner Warner with idle questions about what his department is doing and Mr. Beane of the Courier-Citizen so upset the buildings commissioner the other day that the latter forgot that Beane was a brother Spanish War veteran and peremptorily ordered him out of his office.

McDonald means well in demanding that the law be carried out but having a large district to cover, he cannot spend all his time trying to have the necessary changes made. Besides, he may not realize with whom he is dealing or what local conditions are. He may not appreciate the fact that Mr. Warner has been extremely busy changing officials and finding the school-commissioners of all who have preceded him at city hall otherwise the state inspector probably would not be so insistent that the school houses be made safe in case of fire, and made so at once.

What Mr. McDonald Saw  
Mr. McDonald, the no-license field secretary is reported in a local paper as having said that he saw two men being entertained in a liquor store at midnight a few evenings ago. If such is the case, the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day. Mr. McDonald is a daily visitor in the office of the superintendent of police, and having seen such illegal proceedings as he states to the newspaper that he saw, upon the day the superintendent would have had the liquor dealer before the court or the commissioner, the following day.

Humane Society Was Hasty  
But for the hasty action on the part of the representatives of the Humane society, on Sunday, the park department might have added a fine buck deer to its collection at Fort Hill park.

Monday's newspapers contained the story of the deer that appeared in Gloucester's field and was chased down Broadway to Suffolk street by a crowd of onlookers. The animal was captured in Suffolk street by Richard O'Brien, an employee of the park department. The deer, which had escaped from the enclosure at Fort Hill, Mr. O'Brien was on his way to church, but upon capturing it, tied its legs and made it comfortable in the barn while he proceeded to get into communication with Supt. Kernan. Mr. O'Brien knows something about nursing injured animals and was very much more severely injured than

minister on the firing line accomplished what a cavalry unit swept forward into the German trenches.

Two Great Battles  
His men, attacking defenses that had been turned into crater fields by the terrible Russian bombardment, burst through the front position and captured three lines of trenches and the strongly fortified village of Konichy on the Zlota river, north of Berezan, in Galicia.

They took more than 5500 German and Austrian prisoners and seven cannon and made a breach in the Teutonic front that promises to compel a retreat toward Lemberg, the objective of the Russian strategy.

At the same time another heavy Russian force assailed the Germans, Austrians and Turks south of Berezan, where desperate resistance was met and the fighting lines were held for more than 10,000 prisoners were taken by the Russians in these two areas Sunday.

Attack in North Foreshadowed  
The offensive continues in full swing. Berlin reports the loss of Konichy and reports that fresh battles have developed farther north, toward Brody.

Another great Russian offensive has been foreshadowed by an order of the army issued by the commander of the army on the western (Minsk-Dvinsk-Riga) front.

This order reads:  
"Our army on the southwestern front has vanquished the enemy and has begun on which depends the fate of the liberty of the Russian people. Our brothers on the southwestern front are advancing victoriously. They expect assistance from us. We shall not let them down. We shall hear the thunder of our guns."

German Thrown Back  
PARIS, July 3.—The Germans made repeated attacks last night on the Russian front, but failed to do any damage. The most violent fighting continued throughout the night. Today's official announcement says the Germans were thrown back and are now being abandoned the effort this morning.

The French also repulsed German attacks on the Verdun front between Hill 304 and Avocourt wood.

FURTHER DROP IN THE PRICE OF FLOUR ANNOUNCED AT CHICAGO TODAY  
CHICAGO, July 3.—A further drop in the price of flour was announced today. The price of the best brands of spring wheat flour were cut \$1 to \$1.25 a barrel. This is \$5.50 a barrel below the high point in May.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisements and you will save money on your purchases.

Villages Taken by Russians  
Additional details of the Galician fighting show the Austro-German forces to have retired across the Little Stripa, southeast of Lemberg. Here the Russians have captured the important Tarnopol-Zloczoff-Krasne railway, 12 miles southeast of Zloczoff. Their main push appears to be in this direction. The other villages in the vicinity also have been taken by the Russians.

Berlin's official report admits the success of the Russian in extending northward the gap they opened in the Teutonic lines in their original assault from the front of the German line of the Stripa. The throwing in of German reserves halted this advance and Russian attacks elsewhere failed. It is claimed.

War Minister Kerensky Leads Russian Army in Victory. Jous Advance  
PETROGRAD, July 3.—The brilliant Russian advance, the wave of which has sent a wave of rejoicing through the entire country, was led by War Minister Kerensky in person.

For the last four days the war minister has been continuously at the front, spending every effort to urge the troops to advance. He is now leading himself



















